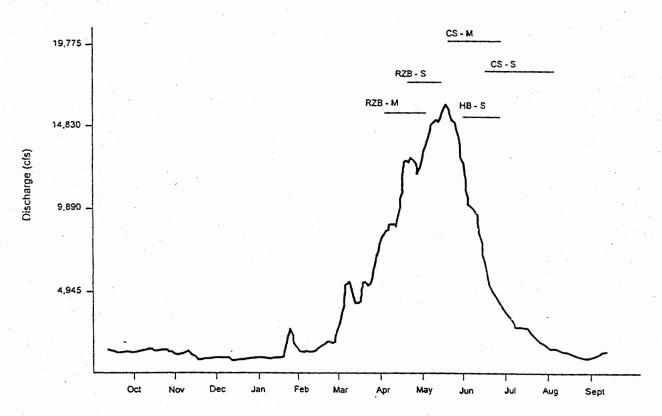
Flow Recommendations for Endangered Fishes in the Yampa River



Generalized sequence of spawning migration and spawning of endangered fishes in the Yampa River. Abbreviations represent, RZB = razorback sucker, CS = Colorado squawfish, HB = Humpback chub, M = migration, S = spawning

Final Report
November 1995
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Flow Recommendations for Endangered Fishes in the Yampa River

Final Report

November 1995

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Colorado River Fish Project

and

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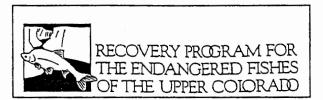
U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

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Recovery Implementation Program for the Endangered Fishes of the Upper Colorado River Basin, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, P.O. Box 25486, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225.



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Existing biological information together with a comparison of historical and estimated virgin flow scenarios were synthesized following with reference to the Recovery Implementation Program instream flow review to update the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services' interim flow recommendations for the Yampa River. Biological information on endangered fish abundance, distribution, and spawning activity, existing fish composition and migratory movement, and ecological concepts related to native fish persistence was integrated to provide the best estimate of flows necessary for the recovery and maintenance of the endangered fishes in the Yampa River and the Upper Colorado River Basin. Flow recommendations were based on the premise that natural variability is a major factor in the recruitment and survival of endangered fishes.

The major factor affecting the decline of the "large river" endangered fishes in the Upper Colorado River is a failure to recruit. This failure is due to habitat alteration and the interactions with nonnative fishes in moderated environments. The reproductive biology of Colorado squawfish, razorback sucker and humpback chub is critically linked with the hydrograph. In addition, fishes native to the Colorado River drainage are more abundant in variable environments than nonnative fishes. In this respect, flow recommendations were developed that strive to maintain annual, seasonal and daily variations. Annual variation should be maintained by allowing the recommendation for any given year to be dependent upon the flow magnitude of that year. The recommendation for seasonal variation is unchanged from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services' 1990 interim recommendation that spring flows be whatever occurs during the high flow period of a given year, minus the baseline depletion allowance. Daily flow variation will be achieved through the maintenance of a natural hydrograph curve, rather than a truncated, stair-stepped average based on a mean monthly flow. The flow recommendation for the baseflow months (August through March) is a range between 20% and 80% exceedance, dependent upon the magnitude of the flow year. The baseflow recommendation for any specific year would vary between the two ranges based upon the expected and observed flows.

In updating the flow recommendations, information gaps associated with biological monitoring for the lower Yampa River and fish passage were identified. Recommendations are made to address those information gaps.

BACKGROUND

<u>Purpose</u>

This document proposes flow recommendations (as measured at the Maybell gage) needed to recover Colorado squawfish Ptychocheilus lucius, humpback chub, Gila cypha, bonytail, G. elegans, and razorback sucker, Xyrauchen texanus, in waters influenced by Yampa River flows. In addition to the four listed species, the Yampa River drainage has some of the last abundant populations of flannelmouth sucker, Catostomus discobolus, and roundtail chub, G. robusta. As the last major, unregulated tributary in the Upper Colorado River Basin, the Yampa River provides flows that support the largest natural populations of Colorado squawfish and razorback sucker in the Colorado River Basin. The approach taken in this document is to use the best data and science available to define the hydrological needs of endangered fishes. It is not the purpose of this document to define the mechanisms to achieve the recommendations proposed, but rather, to use existing knowledge to define water needs for recovering and maintaining habitat for endangered fishes in Yampa and Green rivers. We recognize that sufficient flows to meet the following recommendations and projected water depletions may not always be available and that, at times, limitations will be placed on the implementation of the recommendations during some times of the year. A discussion of these limitations is found in the section that summarizes flow recommendations.

The recommendations proposed in this document update the 1990 interim Yampa River flow recommendations presented by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS 1990). The interim recommendations were based on a review of existing biological data on endangered fishes by Tyus and Karp (1989). That approach was selected following the failure of physical habitat modeling (IFIM) to demonstrate predictive cause-and-effect relationships with the distribution and abundance of endangered fishes in the Green River Basin (Rose and Hahn 1989). The recommendations proposed in this document are heavily based on the biological information presented by Tyus and Karp (1989), but, also include information provided by the RIP (Recovery Implementation Program for the Recovery of Endangered Fishes in the Upper Colorado River Basin) instream flow review (Stanford 1994), comparison of historical and virgin flow estimates of the Yampa River (Maybell), and published ecological principles.

Study Area

Originating in the White River National Forest on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains, the Yampa River is the largest tributary of the Green River (Figure 1). The greatest abundance of endangered native fishes in the Yampa River occurs downstream of (potamon-rithron transition region of the river) Hayden, Colorado. The upper reach of the Yampa River occupied by endangered fishes flows through low gradient agricultural valleys with the exception of Juniper (RM 90.5 - 88.2) and Cross Mountain (RM 58.5 - 55.2) canyons prior to entering the high gradient Yampa Canyon (RM 46.7 - 0).

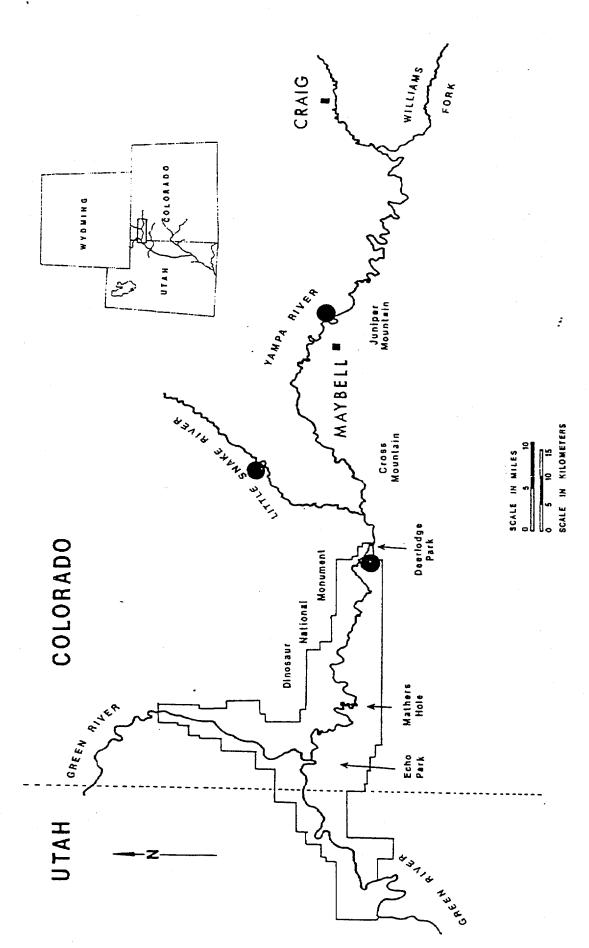


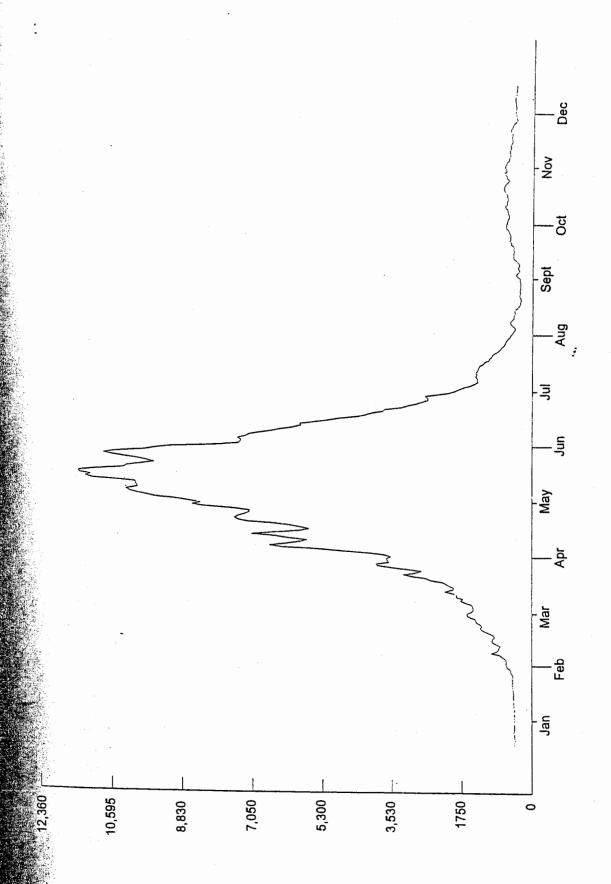
Figure 1. Yampa River study area, confluence with the Green River at Echo Park to Craig, Colorado (river kilometer 0-224), = locations of USGS river gauges (from Tyus and Karp 1989).

The Yampa River drains approximately 7,600 square miles and provides an average annual flow of 1.2 million acre feet of water per year, of which about 28% is contributed by the Little Snake River (Tyus and Karp 1989). Due to the lack of large storage capacity, the Yampa River has a relatively natural hydrograph (Figure 2). Flows in the Yampa River generally begin increasing in March from melting snow pack and remain high through July (Figure 2). Mean flow during spring runoff in the Yampa River is about 5,403 cfs (U.S.G.S. flow records). River discharge may widely fluctuate during spring runoff due to local warming trends and rain events. A maximum discharge of 33,200 cfs was recorded 18 May 1984 at Deerlodge Park (Ugland et al. 1987). The 50% exceedance for daily peak spring flows in the Yampa River at Deerlodge Park is about 13,738 cfs (U.S.G.S flow records). Following spring high flows the discharge of the Yampa River declines to approximately 359 cfs (50% exceedance of historic flows, U.S.G.S flow records) between the months of August and February. Despite having a natural hydrograph, the average annual water depletion of the Yampa River was estimated to be 110,000 ac ft in 1989 (Hydrosphere 1995a), with a disproportionate quantity depleted during the baseflow months. In addition to water flow, the Yampa River also transports on average 1.5 to 2.0 million tons of sediment per year, much of which is delivered by the Little Snake River which drains both northwest Colorado and southwest Wyoming (O'Brien 1984).

Biological Background

Colorado squawfish, humpback chub, bonytail, and razorback sucker were once common throughout the Upper Colorado River Basin (Quartarone 1993). All four species are currently listed as endangered species by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Previous to systematic studies initiated after the Green River rotenone effort (Holden 1991) in 1963, abundance and distribution of endangered fishes was based largely on anecdotal information (Tyus 1991). Studies following the closure of Flaming Gorge Dam reported an absence of native fishes in the Green River above the confluence of the Yampa River which was thought to be due to changes in water temperature resulting from hypolimnetic releases from Flaming Gorge Dam (Vanicek 1967, Vanicek et al. 1970). These studies reported that native fish habitat was maintained below the confluence of the Yampa River, a presumed consequence of the Yampa Rivers' ameliorating effect on water temperature.

All fishes indigenous to the potamon section (i.e. warm water region) of the Yampa River, with the possible exception of bonytail, persist today despite the introduction of at least 18 nonnative fish species (Tyus and Karp 1989). In this decade, Colorado squawfish, humpback chub and razorback sucker have been collected in the Yampa River (unpublished data, USFWS). All three species spawn in the Yampa River and reproduction is closely associated with changes in the hydrograph (Tyus and Karp 1989). One of the two largest known concentrations of spawning Colorado squawfish occurs between RM 15 and RM 30 (Tyus and Karp 1989). In addition, one of two documented spawning aggregations of razorback sucker in the Upper Colorado River Basin occurs at the mouth of the Yampa River, just above its confluence with the Green River, the other is located approximately 34



Discharge (cfs)

Figure 2. Average annual hydrograph of the Yampa River based on flows at Deerlodge Park between 1983 - 1990.

RM downstream in the Green River (Tyus 1987). Humpback chub are believed to spawn at several locations within Yampa Canyon (Karp and Tyus 1989). Because the Yampa River is the last major tributary of the Upper Colorado River Basin whose hydrograph has not been substantially altered by water development, it exerts a major impact on the biology of native fishes, both listed and nonlisted species. The magnitude of this impact was identified in the Biological Opinion for the operation of Flaming Gorge Dam (USFWS 1992) which requires the synchronization of dam releases with Yampa River peak flows to simulate a natural hydrograph in the Green River.

On a larger geographic scale, the decline of the "large river" fishes in the Colorado River drainage has been attributed to the failure of recruitment resulting from a number of factors, primarily habitat alteration associated with water development and interactions with nonnative fishes (e.g. Behnke and Benson 1988, Minckley et al. 1991, Tyus 1991). The magnitude and pattern of flows is the primary habitat feature influencing the reproductive success of the endangered fishes occupying the Green and Yampa rivers (Tyus and Karp 1989, 1990, Tyus and Haines 1991, Modde et al. accepted for publication). Flows cue the initiation of spawning migrations, spawning (Tyus 1987, Tyus and Karp 1989, Nesler et al. 1988), remove sediment from spawning substrate (Harvey et al. 1993) which would maximize egg survival, and transport larval fishes to nursery sites (Tyus 1991). As with many riverine species (Welcomme 1985), reproductive behavior of the "large river" fishes of the Colorado River is adapted to the seasonal hydrology and the annual, seasonal and daily variation inherent in rivers of arid landscapes. Despite the overwhelming data supporting the association of reproductive biology of endangered fishes to flow patterns, little information exists on their tolerance for change. Thus, in the absence of specific information on how native fish respond to modified environments, this report proceeds with the assumption that virgin flow conditions (those when fish were common, i.e Quartarone 1993) represent the environment most likely to allow recovery and maintenance of these species (Tyus 1986, 1994).

OBJECTIVE AND APPROACH

The objective of this report is to present and integrate existing hydrological and biological information with ecological principles to present flow recommendations that will recover and maintain endangered fishes in waters influenced by Yampa River flows (i.e. Middle Green River). Existing information on endangered fish distribution, abundance, spawning migrations and reproductive requirements (much of which was previously presented by Tyus and Karp 1989), comparisons of native and nonnative fish distribution within the Yampa River, and a synthesis of newly acquired virgin flow estimates were used as the data base on which flow recommendations were based. In addition, the RIP instream flow review (Stanford 1994) was used as a guideline in developing flow recommendations. The approach taken was to review existing information and integrate this material with the recent RIP instream flow review (Stanford 1994) and ecological literature to provide recommendations that will recover endangered fishes of the Yampa and Green rivers.

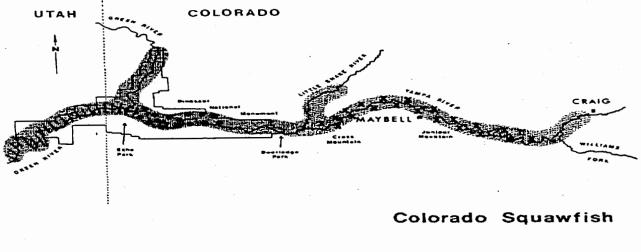
BIOLOGICAL AND HYDROLOGICAL DATABASE

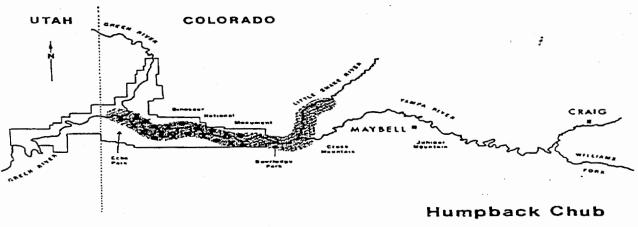
Endangered Fish Distribution, Abundance and Habitat Use

Colorado squawfish

Colorado squawfish are found in the Yampa River between Craig, Colorado, and the confluence of the Green and Yampa rivers (Figure 3, from Tyus and Karp 1989). The upper Yampa River (RM 50.7 - 123.3) is considered a concentration area for overwintering adults (Archer et al. 1986), as evidenced by radio transmitter monitored fish (Tyus et al. 1987) and abundance data (Miller et al. 1982, Wick et al. 1985, data incorporated information from a high flow winter, DEC-FEB mean = 386 cfs, and low winter flow, DEC-FEB mean = 161 cfs). During winter, adult Colorado squawfish use backwaters, runs, and eddies, but are most common in shallow, ice covered shoreline areas (Wick and Hawkins 1989). Local, nonmigratory movements of adult Colorado squawfish in nonbreeding seasons may be indicative of home-range behavior among a wide range of flows (Tyus et al. 1987, Tyus 1991, Wick and Hawkins 1989). In the spring and early summer, adult Colorado squawfish were most often located in backwater habitats or flooded bottomlands in the Yampa River. Use of flooded bottomlands was most prevalent in flood years. Wick et al. (1983) observed that in 1982 (an average flow year), adult Colorado squawfish used flooded shoreline areas in spring, but, moved to backwater habitats as the river elevation dropped. During the late spring many adult Colorado squawfish underwent spawning migrations to a major spawning area located in the lower 25 miles of the Yampa River (Tyus 1986). Following spawning, adult Colorado squawfish occupied a variety of habitats in mid to late summer, but were most common in eddies, pools, runs, and shoreline backwaters over sand and silt substrates (Tyus and Karp 1989). Radio tracked fish were most often located in deeper shoreline habitats, where movements suggested heavy use of eddy-run interface (Tyus et al. 1987).

Early life stages of the Colorado squawfish reside only temporarily in the Yampa River. Larval Colorado squawfish emerge as sac fry from cobble spawning bars in the Yampa Canyon and drift downstream (Tyus et al. 1982b; Haynes et al. 1984) and relocate in shallow backwater habitats in the Green River (Tyus et al. 1982b, 1987, Ongoing research by the Larval Fish Laboratory, Colorado State University). Presumably, young fish are dispersed by river currents from upstream spawning areas to nursery habitats (Tyus and McCada 1984, Tyus 1986). Juvenile (60 - 450 mm) Colorado squawfish are rare in the Yampa River. Therefore, adult fish occupying the Yampa River represent individuals which have been reared downstream and move upstream as adults to occupy useable habitat.





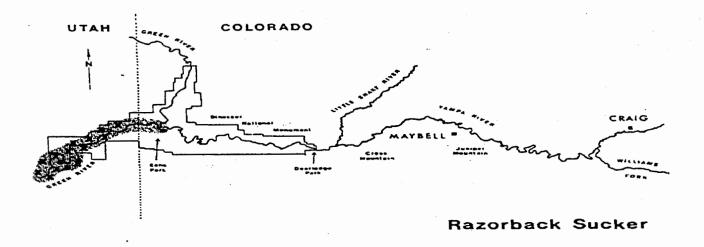


Figure 3. Important river reaches for Colorado squawfish, humpback chub, and razorback sucker in Yampa and Green rivers, Colorado and Utah. Shading = distribution; dots = spawning areas; X's = winter concentration, and //s = larval drift (from Tyus and Karp 1989).

Humpback chub

Adult humpback chubs (230 mm) have been collected in canyon-bound areas in the lower 35 miles of the Yampa River (Figure 3, from Tyus and Karp 1989) (Tyus et al. 1982a, Karp and Tyus 1989, Fish and Wildlife Service and Colorado State University unpublished data) and in the lower Little Snake River and Upper Yampa Canyon by Fish and Wildlife Service and Colorado State University (unpublished data). Adult humpback chubs were most often collected in eddy habitat (average depth, 2 m), particularly in shoreline eddies created by large boulders and rapids (Karp and Tyus 1989). Radio telemetry monitoring of an adult humpback chub near Mathers Hole (RM 19) in 1993 indicated only localized movement during the summer months (Colorado State University, unpublished data). Two adult humpback chub implanted with radio transmitters in the lower nine miles of the Little Snake River in June 1995, moved downstream into Yampa Canyon in late July as flows in the Little Snake River declined (Fish and Wildlife Service, unpublished data).

Juvenile (less than 230 mm) humpback chub have been collected between RM 0.1 and 40 in Yampa Canyon by the Fish and Wildlife Service (Karp and Tyus 1989). Identification of juvenile *Gila* as the humpback form was based on the same complex of morphologic characters use to differentiate the adult life history stage (Karp and Tyus 1989). Most young humpback chubs were captured in shoreline eddies and runs. Problems with specific identification of small chubs has hindered the evaluation of habitat needs of small humpback chub.

Razorback sucker

Adult razorback sucker have been collected between RM 13 and RM 0.1 (Fish and Wildlife Service, unpublished data) of the Yampa River. In 1979 one adult razorback sucker was collected in Lily Park (Ed Wick and John Hawkins, Colorado State University, Personal Communication). Most fish have been collected during the spring at a documented razorback sucker spawning site located in the Yampa River just upstream from its confluence with the Green River. Telemetry data indicate that some fish spawning in the Yampa River may reside the remainder of the year in the Green River (Modde et al., in preparation). Tyus (1987) observed nonbreeding adult razorback sucker occupying shoreline runs and sites near midchannel sand bars (depths < 2 m) on the Green River, while Modde et al. (in preparation) observed razorback sucker using deeper habitats associated with deep runs and eddies as well as shallow habitats. Adult razorback suckers were observed to overwinter in Echo Park (McAda and Wydoski 1980, Valdez and Masslich 1989).

Only one juvenile razorback sucker has been collected in the Yampa River. The single fish, a 389 mm juvenile, was collected at RM 39 in June 1994 (Fish and Wildlife Service, unpublished data). Razorback sucker have been

observed spawning in the Yampa River just above the confluence of the Green River, however, larvae are presumed to drift downstream immediately following emergence where they are transported to floodplain habitat in the Green River (Modde et al. 1995, Modde et al. accepted for publication).

Bonytail

Because of the rarity of bonytail chubs, their distribution and abundance is largely unknown. Fish were fairly common in Echo Park prior to and shortly after the closure of Flaming Gorge Dam (Vanicek 1967). However, few individuals have been collected in the last decade. Holden and Crist (1981) collected one bonytail chub in the lower Yampa River in 1979, and the Fish and Wildlife Service captured a suspected juvenile in 1987.

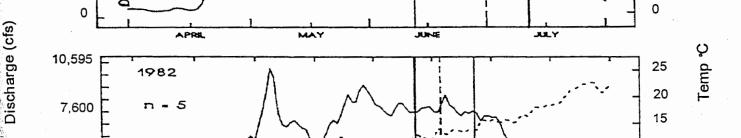
Spawning Requirements of Endangered Fishes

Colorado squawfish

Two primary Colorado squawfish spawning sites have been identified in the Green River Basin (Tyus and McAda 1984, Wick et al. 1983, and Tyus et al. 1987), one of which is located between RM 10.5 and RM 18 in the Yampa River. Fish spawning in this area travel both upstream from the Green River and White rivers (Tyus 1985, 1986, and Irving and Modde 1994) as well as downstream from higher in the Yampa River (Tyus 1985). Seven migrating Colorado squawfish traveled over 200 river miles from the White River to the Yampa River spawning site (Irving and Modde 1994). The same fish were observed to make this extended migration in two consecutive years (Irving and Modde 1994).

The initiation of the spawning migration is an important element for the successful reproduction of the Colorado squawfish. Most fish initiated spawning migrations between late May and mid June depending on the magnitude of the water year (Tyus and Karp 1989). Spawning migrations were initiated earlier in low peak flow years (and later in higher peak flow years (Tyus and Karp 1989). Movement to spawning locations was associated with patterns of discharge and temperature (Figure 4, from Tyus and Karp 1989). Fish began moving to spawning sites during the descending limb of the hydrograph and when temperatures reached 14° C.

Timing of spawning, as was spawning migration, was associated more closely with patterns in the hydrograph rather than absolute quantity of flows. Spawning occurred earlier in low flow years and later in higher flow years. Water temperatures during spawning ranged from 14.5° and 27.5° C for all years studied (Tyus and Karp 1989). During the peak spawning period (study years of Tyus and Karp 1989), mean discharge ranged from 893 cfs (1981) to 3,814 cfs (1982).



6,360

4,940

3,530

2,120

14,125

10,595

7,600

3,530

3,530

10,595

7,600

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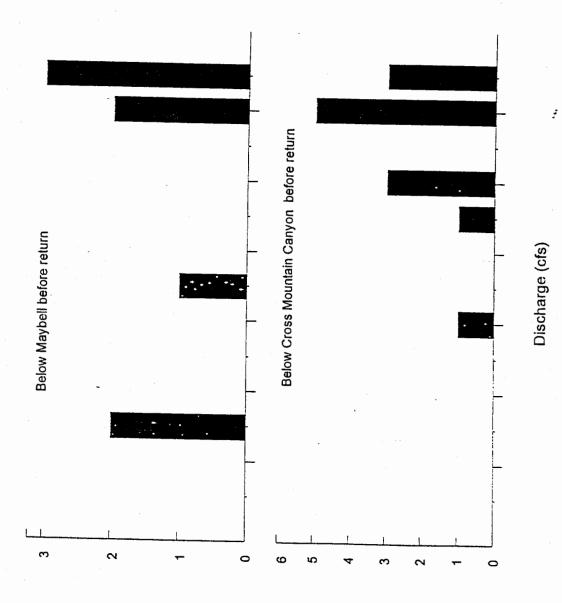
Figure 4. Relation between discharge, temperature, and initiation of spawning migration for Colorado Squawfish, Yampa River, 1981-83 and 1988. Q = average daily discharge; T = average daily temperature (USGS records, Yampa River near Maybell, Colorado). Solid vertical lines = dates first and last radio-tagged fish exhibited movement to spawning ground; dashed vertical line = average date radio-tagged fish exhibited migratory movements; n = number of radio tagged fish (from Tyus and Karp 1989).

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Post spawning migration of the Colorado squawfish coincided with the near baseflow conditions, ranging between approximately 1,400 cfs to 325 cfs (Figure 4, from Tyus and Karp 1989, and Appendix 1). The upstream movement of squawfish during low flow conditions presents the potential problem of barriers to fish passage through Cross Mountain Canyon and the Maybell Diversion. Telemetry records of 13 fish (from a total of 165 Colorado squawfish as defined by Tyus 1990, Irving and Modde 1994, Wick et al. 1983, and Wick and Hawkins 1989) were observed to move to the spawning site in the Yampa River and migrated upstream through Cross Mountain Canyon. In addition, 8 of these 13 fish also moved above the Maybell Diversion. The actual movement of Colorado squawfish through Cross Mountain Canyon occurred at flows of 324 cfs or greater (Figure 5). Actual fish movement through the Maybell Diversion was observed at even lower flows (i.e. 177 cfs). Timing of fish movement was related more to the hydrograph than to specific calendar dates (Appendix 1). For example, during low flow years fish were more likely to spawn earlier and return earlier than during high flow years when spawning and return migrations occur later in the calendar year. Although it was possible to identify that fish could move through Cross Mountain Canyon and Maybell Diversion at flows of between approximately 350 and 200 cfs, respectively, we were unable to identify whether these in-channel obstacles were barriers to fish migration at lower flows.

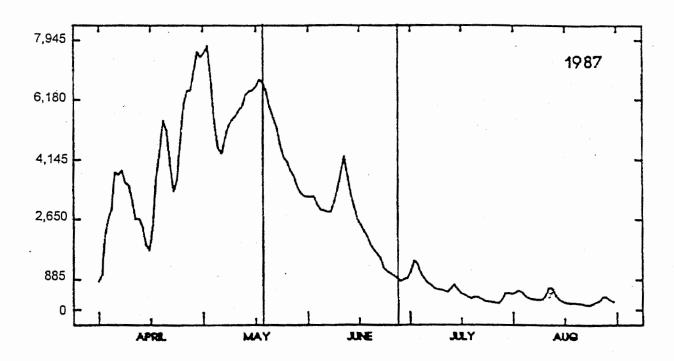
Humpback chub

Spawning of humpback chub occurs during the descending limb of the hydrograph, usually during the months of May and June (Figure 6, from Tyus and Karp 1989) (Tyus et al. 1987, and Karp and Tyus 1989). As with Colorado squawfish, the relationship of spawning seemed more related to the hydrograph than specific flows or dates. Fish in spawning condition were collected between RM 12 and 40 in shoreline eddy and run habitats. Average temperature during the spawning period was 19°C, ranging between 14.5° and 23.0°C (Karp and Tyus 1990). Little evidence exists that fish in the Yampa River migrate long distances to spawning sites. However, two humpback chub were collected during the descending limb of the hydrograph in the lower 9 miles of the Little Snake River in 1995 (Fish and Wildlife Service and Colorado State University, unpublished data). Although secondary reproductive characteristics were not present on either fish (i.e. tubercles or pigmentation) at the time of capture, these fish remained in the Little Snake River until the baseflow period, after which they moved to RM 36 and RM 41 in the Yampa River. This pattern of movement is consistent with humpback chub in the Colorado River that occupy the mainstem river during the nonreproductive period and enter the Little Colorado River to spawn (Valdez and Ryel 1995).



Number of fish

Figure 5. Summary of discharge information coinciding with fish movement in the Yampa River through Cross Mountain Canyon and the Maybell Diversion.



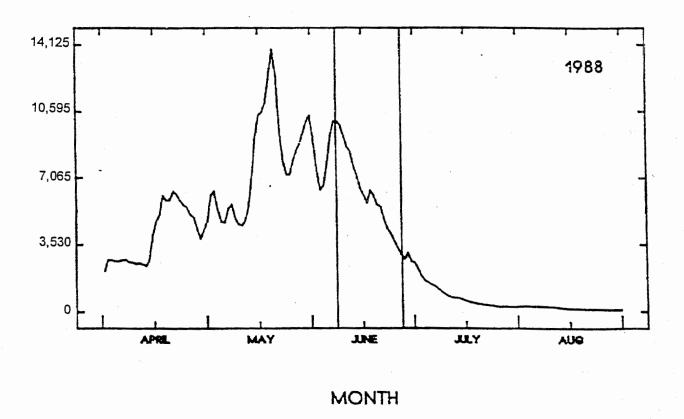


Figure 6. Relation between discharge and spawning period for humpback chub, Yampa River, 1987-88. Vertical bars delineate spawning period (from Tyus and Karp).

Razorback sucker

Spawning of razorback sucker, like Colorado squawfish and humpback chub is associated with changes in the hydrograph. Razorback sucker spawn on the ascending limb of the hydrograph (Figure 7, from Tyus and Karp 1989). As with the Colorado squawfish, razorback sucker are known to use two primary spawning areas, one on the Green River near RM 311 and the other in the Yampa River just above the confluence with the Green River. Individuals have been observed to move as far as 100 river miles to a specific spawning site (Tyus and Karp 1990, and Modde et al. in preparation). Movement to the spawning bar appeared more related to discharge rate than temperature (Figure 8). As with Colorado squawfish, the pattern of the hydrograph rather than absolute flows tend to initiate movement to spawning locations. However, in 1995 fish implanted with radio transmitters were observed to move to the spawning locations in late April, but, larvae were not collected downstream until June when water temperatures exceeded 14° C (Fish and Wildlife Service unpublished data). Thus, although adults seem to be attracted to the spawning sites by discharge, spawning may not occur until temperatures reach approximately 14° C (Tyus and Karp 1990).

In general, the spawning requirements of all three listed species, known to reproduce it the Yampa River is determined by the combination of flows and temperature, both of which are related. The spawning activities of these fish were influenced more by the pattern of flow, i.e. rise or drop in the hydrograph, in any given year than a specific magnitude of flow. Each species migrates and spawns at a different stage of the hydrograph (Figure 9). Therefore, the occurrence of a natural hydrograph is an important feature to the reproductive success of endangered fishes and represents a rationale as to why the largest natural populations of Colorado squawfish (Tyus 1991) and razorback sucker (Lanigan and Tyus 1989, Modde et al. accepted for publication) occur in waters influenced by the Yampa River hydrograph. It appears that temperature and the shape of the hydrograph have a greater influence on behavior relating to the initiation of spawning activity than the magnitude of the hydrograph. However, it is the magnitude of the flows which influence the geomorphology of the river and effect habitat availability. Thus, although fish appear to cue to specific patterns of the hydrograph, the magnitude of the hydrograph is responsible for creating available spawning, nursery and adult habitat.

Association of Nonnative Fishes with Native Fishes

Native fishes were reported to be more abundant than nonnative fishes in the canyon reaches of the Yampa River than in either the upper (RM > 54 or lower reaches (RM < 1.8) (Figure 10, Appendix 2). Among all Yampa Canyon (RM 1.8 to

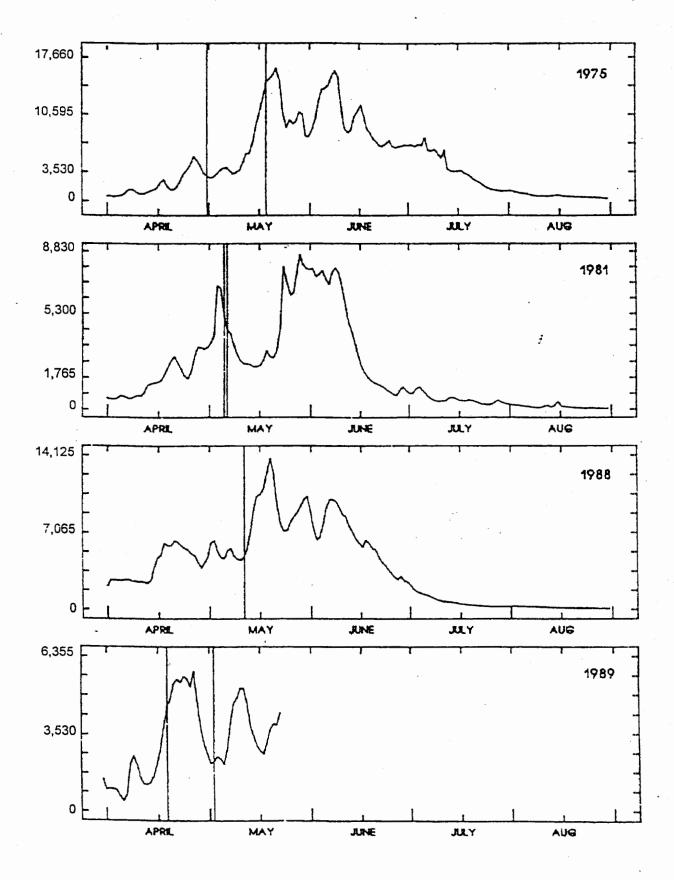


Figure 7. Relation between discharge and spawning period for razorback sucker, Yampa River, 1975, 1981, 1988, and 1989 (discharge data incomplete for 1989) (from Tyus and Karp 1989). *Vertical bars* delineate spawning period. (One collection of ripe fish in 1988).

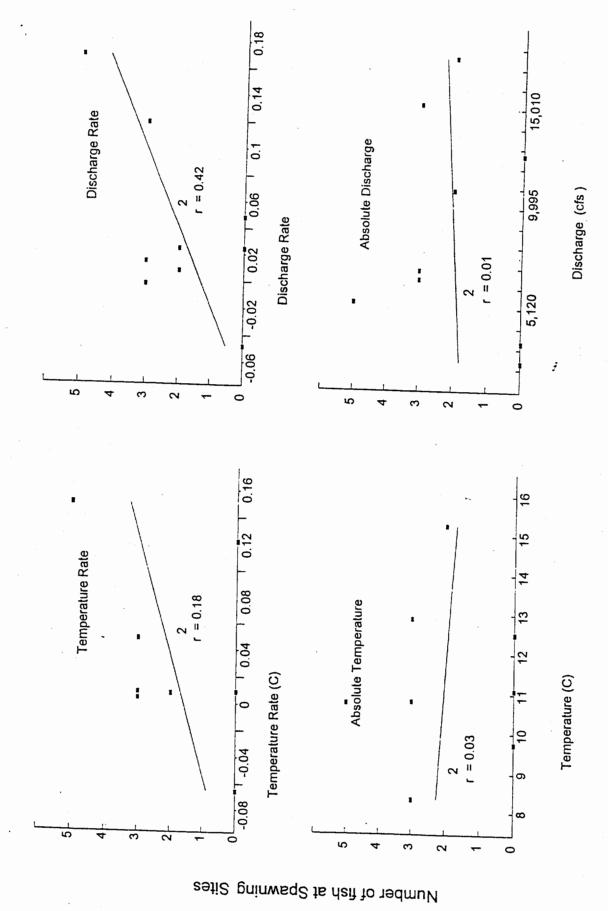


Figure 8. Comparison of the relationship of temperature and discharge with the presence of razorback sucker, Xyrauchen texanus, at spawning sites in the Green and Yampa rivers. Rates represent percent change over a five-day period preceding the observation.

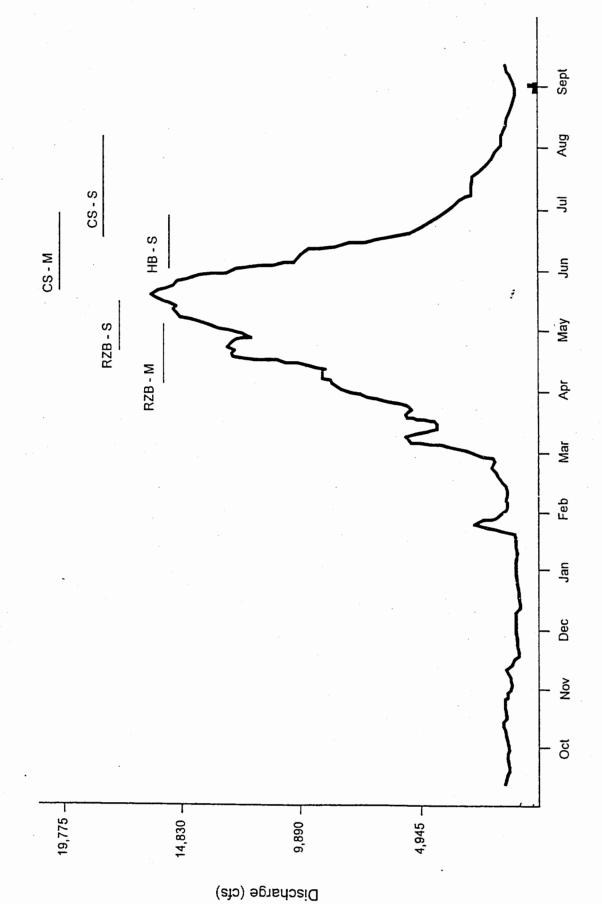


Figure 9. Generalized sequence of spawning migration and spawning of endangered fishes in the Yampa River. Abbreviations represent, RZB = razorback sucker, CS = Colorado squawfish, HB = Humpback chub, M = migration, S = spawning (modified from Tyus and Karp 1989).



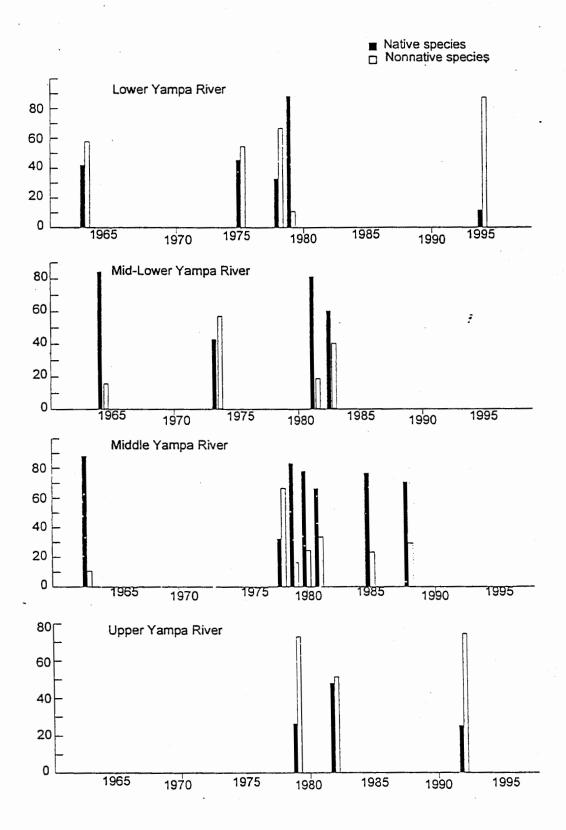


Figure 10. Percentages of native and nonnative fishes collected in the Yampa River.

approximately RM 54) studies reviewed, only one data set showed nonnative fishes to outnumber native fishes in the canyon reach of the Yampa River. In addition, three of four data sets representing both the lower and middle reaches of Yampa Canyon were characterized by a greater number of native than nonnative fishes. Fish collected in the lower reach of the Yampa River were represented more by nonnative than native fishes (80%, four of five, of the data sets). All three data sets obtained between Deerlodge and Craig indicated that nonnative fishes were more abundant than native fishes.

Another trend observed was the abundance of northern pike, *Esox lucius*, and smallmouth bass, *Micropterus dolomieui*, as sampled by the Interagency Standardized Monitoring Program above Yampa Canyon (McAda et al. 1994, and supplemental reports for years 1993 and 1994). Greatest numbers of both species in the Yampa River occurred simultaneously with the large water releases from Elkhead Reservoir in 1992 (Figure 11) and continued through 1993, prior to the high runoff. Thus, it appears that discharges from Elkhead Reservoir, a 13,700 cfs reservoir on Elkhead Creek, are capable of dispensing significant numbers of nonnative fish in the Yampa River.

The importance of native and nonnative fish distribution in the Yampa River to flows in not clear. In river reaches with the greatest range of depth and velocity (Yampa Canyon), native fishes are the dominant components. However, in areas above Yampa Canyon nonnative fish species are more abundant than native species. The influence of seasonally high runoff flows on the persistence of native fishes in Yampa Canyon is probably beneficial, however, the specific relationship in unknown.

Comparison of Historical and Virgin Hydrographs

Daily virgin flow estimates for the Yampa River were developed by Hydrosphere Resource Consultants, using methods described in their report, "Development of Estimated Daily Flows, Yampa River at Maybell" (Hydrosphere 1995a, Appendices 3 and 4). This set of estimates, hereafter referred to as virgin flows, was constructed by adding all estimated flow depletions back into the actual stream gage records for the Yampa River at Maybell, for the period 1950-82. Although we recognize a limitation in the mechanism used to generate these estimates, i.e. best estimates of depletions through time, we accept these values as the best estimate of virgin flows. The similarity of standard deviations within virgin and historical flows indicates that variation between these two data sets was nearly identical. In this regard, the estimated virgin flow regime provided a standard for comparison with historical flows. Historical flows are defined as actual, measured streamflows from 1950-82, which have been influenced by storage of small reservoirs in the Yampa River headwaters as well as agricultural, municipal, and industrial diversions that have accumulated prior to, and during, this time period.

Figure 11. Number of northern pike (broken line), and smallmouth bass (solid line), collected during the RIP Interagency Standardized Monitoring Program sampling stations on the Yampa River.

Because of the evolutionary relationship of native fish biology to natural flows, virgin flows were used as a standard to compare deviations from historical records. A modified version of the Indicators of Hydrologic Alteration (IHA) (Richter et al. in review) was used to compare differences in virgin and historic hydrographs. Based on hydrological modeling, a trend exists between virgin and historic flow scenarios in which peak flows have been reduced and baseflows have increased since water development began in the Yampa basin (Figure 12 and Table 1). The difference between peak flow volumes under virgin and historic flows is seen in the monthly means for March (-5.3%), April (-15.2%), May (-13.5%), and June (-8.6%) (Table 2). During the low flow months, irrigation return flows were apparently increasing low flow volumes, as seen in monthly means for August (+4.7%), September (+25.6%), October (+34.3%), November (+16.0%), and December (+9.5%). Similar effects were seen in the 7- to 90-day high and low flow averages listed in Table 2 (for historic flows). High flow averages are reduced by 8.4% for annual oneday maximums (as described in Table 1) to 11.3% for 90-day highs. Low flow averages are increased by 79.2% for annual one-day minimums to 25.9% for 90-day lows. The slight moderation historic flows from virgin conditions was also observed in the slight reduction of low flow duration, and the increase of high flow duration. The standard deviations associated with virgin and historic flows were similar, even for low flow measures in which mean values were considerably different (i.e. Annual minimum, 7, 30, and 90 day lows).

Habitat Maintenance and Geomorphology

Although information concerning the distribution, relative abundance, and spawning requirements exist, little information exists on the habitat availability and needs of the endangered fishes of the Yampa River relative to flow. Given this shortcoming, the physical character of the Yampa River as formed by virgin flows represent the best target to meet environmental needs of endangered fishes. The physical character, and hence habitat for endangered fishes, of the Yampa River is maintained by the magnitude of the hydrograph. O'Brien (1984) estimated that the effective discharge (transportation of greatest sediment over a long period of time) of the Yampa River near Cleopatras couch (RK 28 in Yampa Canyon) was 11,500 cfs and that bankfull discharge (i.e. channel changing capability) was 21,500 cfs. The discharge that would be effective in scouring the channel to prevent encroachment of the river channel by vegetation occurs approximately every 1.5 years (O'Brien 1984). Fisher et al. (1983, in Stanford 1994) provided evidence that vegetation along the shoreline of the Yampa River has not changed substantially because of its unregulated flows. Conversely, riparian vegetation, primarily nonnative species including reed canary grass (Phalaris arundinacea), salt cedar (Tamarix spp.), and Russian olive (Elaeagnus angustifolia) have modified channels in regulated reaches of the Upper Colorado River Basin (Stanford 1994). The higher bankfull discharge, necessary to periodically reshape the river channel historically occurs on a frequency of about every 20 years (O'Brien 1984). Mussetter and Harvey (1994) estimated that flows necessary for bar formation at two known Colorado squawfish spawning sites, Cleopatras Couch (RM 17) and Mathers Hole (RM 18), was approximately 17,500 cfs and 25,000 cfs respectively.

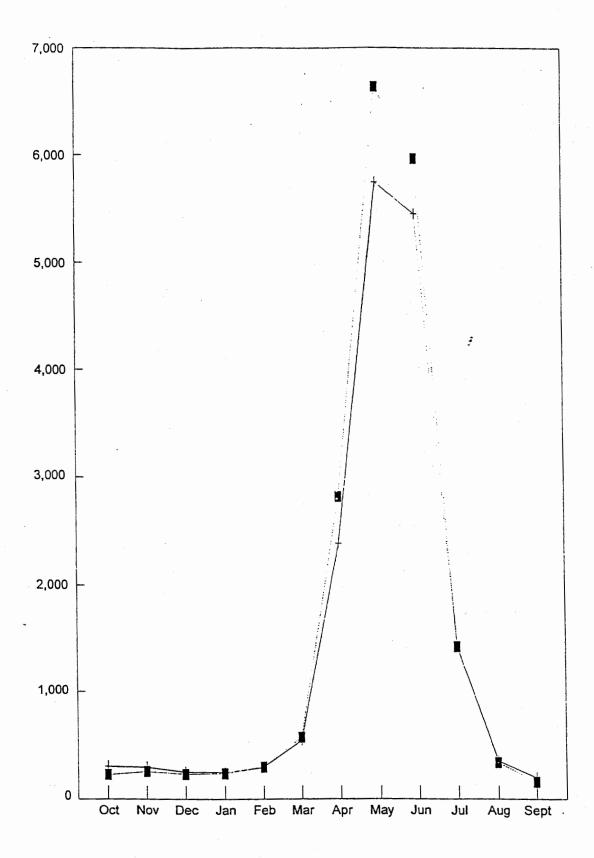


Figure 12. Comparison of historic (solid line), and virgin (broken line), flow estimates as estimated by Hydrosphere (1995) for the period between 1950 and 1982.

TABLE 1. Summary of IHA results for virgin and historic flows (cfs) from the Yampa River (based on the time period between 1950 and 1982). Std. d. = standard deviation.

		<u>Virgin Flows</u>		Historic Flows	
	<u>MEAN</u>	<u>V</u> St	<u>d. d.</u> MEAN	Std. d.	
October	230	186	309	182	
November	262	97	304	.97	
December	232	77	254	76	
January	240	· 60	250	60	
February	300	111	303	112	
March	573	258	542	255	
April	2810	1293	2384	1287	
May	6634	1900	5742	1894	
June	5959	2384	5448	2234	
July	1427	1156	1429	1157	
August	340	194	356	206	
September	163	104	204	120	
Annual Minimum	48	46	87	48	
Annual Maximum	10326	3098	9460	2933	
7-day Low	58	- 55	101	53	
7-day High	9446	2928	8601	2752	
30-day Low	91	71	137	62	
30-day High	7818	2267	7007	2242	
90-day Low	157	59.7	197	55	
90-day High	5373	1666	4764	1620	

TABLE 2. Summary of deviations of historic flows (cfs) from virgin flow conditions in the Yampa River (based on time period between 1950 - 1982).

	Historic Flows MEAN
October	34.3
November	16.0
December	9.5
January	4.2
February	0.7
March	-5.3
April	-15.2
May	-13.5
June	-8.6
July	0.1
August	4.7
September	25.6
Annual Minimum	79.2
Annual Maximum	-8.4
3-day Low	73.3
3-day High	-8.7
7-day Low	73.2
7-day High	-8.9
30-day Low	51.6
30-day High	-10.4
90-day Low	25.9
90-day High	-11.3

DISCUSSION

The previous Yampa River interim flow recommendations proposed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS 1990) were based largely on relationships of the hydrograph to reproductive behavior and nursery habitat needs of endangered fishes (Tyus and Karp 1989). This approach is appropriate because insufficient recruitment is the major factor in the decline of the "large river" endangered fishes in the Upper Colorado River Basin (e.g Behnke and Benson 1980, Minckley et al. 1991). The natural hydrograph is necessary to cue spawning migrations (Tyus and Karp 1989), provide habitat conditions necessary for spawning and survival of early life stages (Tyus 1986, Modde et al. accepted for publication), and the construction of habitat features (i.e. river channel geomorphology) needed to maintain quality spawning, nursery and adult habitats (O'Brien 1984, Mussetter and Harvey 1994). Despite the demonstrated relationship of natural flow patterns to the biology of the "large nver" endangered fishes of the Yampa River, little information exists on the habitat available to endangered fishes among flow scenarios. Given this situation, we assume that the conditions favorable for the recovery and maintenance of the endangered fishes of the Yampa River, and affected areas of the Green River, are best estimated using virgin flow conditions (Tyus 1994) when fish were abundant (Quartarone 1993).

The comparison of Yampa River historical and virgin hydrographs indicated present peak flows tend to be lower and baseflows higher than virgin flows. These characteristics were evident in both monthly average flows and both high and low (3 d through 90 d) duration records. Deviations in high and low flows dampen natural variability. Several studies have reported that moderation of flow patterns in streams and rivers resulted in replacement of native fishes with introduced exotic fish species (e.g. Maheshwari et al. 1995, Deacon 1988, Moyle 1986, in Baltz an Moyle 1993). The fish fauna of the Upper Colorado River Basin are largely endemic (Tyus et al. 1982a) and evolved in a very harsh climate and hydrology (Miller 1961). Although tolerant to high levels of environmental variability, the largely endemic fish fauna of the Colorado River Basin have not been effective competitors with introduced nonnative fishes (Minckley and Douglas 1991, Johnson et al. 1993). Among the states of Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico (data from Arizona not provided), 53% of the listed species were considered to be largely the result of nonnative fish interactions while 71% where considered largely the result of habitat alterations (Horak 1995).

Despite the encroachment of nonnative fishes in altered western rivers and streams, native species have dominated in those systems able to maintain a relatively natural hydrograph. Hawkins and Nesler (1991) described several instances in which high spring peaks have resulted in the decline of nonnative fishes in the Upper Colorado River Basin. Native fish distribution in the Yampa River is consistent with observations of Hawkins and Nesler (1991) in that native fishes continue to dominate in the areas with the greatest environmental variation. In the Lower Colorado River Basin flow variability was observed to be the dominant factor in maintaining native fish communities in several streams and rivers (Deacon 1988, Minckley and Meffe 1987).

Poff and Ward (1990) suggested that in highly variable/unpredictable flow regimes abiotic factors dictate ecological processes, whereas, under more benign or predictable flow regimes biotic factors such as competition or predation are more influential. In this respect, species adaptable to variable environments will persist in the face of environmental heterogeneity and disturbance, whereas, others (i.e. nonnative species) may colonize but will not persist. Conversely, under moderated conditions biotic interactions become more determinate and nonnative species have a greater opportunity to persist. In California streams, Baltz and Moyle (1993) stated that the maintenance of native fish assemblages required maintaining natural flow patterns which included the high winter floods and the low summer baseflows.

Several studies support the concept that flow variation is important to the maintenance of native fishes in western rivers and streams (e.g. Hawkins and Nesler 1991, Baltz and Moyle 1993, Minckley and Meffe 1987). Much of this literature relates to the importance of peak flows to the persistence of native species. Indeed, peak flows seem to be the dominant factors influencing spawning migration, spawning, larval transport to nursery sites and adult habitat in the Yampa River (Tyus and Karp 1989). Very little information exists relative to the importance of baseflows on native fish communities. Although some studies have indicated the importance of baseflows to native species in intermittent streams (Deacon 1988, Paloumpis 1958), these studies are not applicable to the permanent flowing Yampa River. Poff and Allan (1995) evaluated fish assemblages in various flow regimes in midwestern streams and rivers and concluded that fluctuations in baseflow can influence persistence among fishes.

Data clearly demonstrate the relationship of natural flow patterns to the biology of endangered fishes in the Yampa River (Tyus and Karp 1989), however, the quantity of flows and variation necessary to maintain rare native species within and among years has not been experimentally defined. Although correlations of fish declines with changes in the hydrograph have been demonstrated (e.g. Walker and Thoms 1993, Modde et al. accepted for publication) the specific causal factors associated with native fish declines have not been clearly demonstrated. Nonetheless, the dependence of native fish assemblages on a variable hydrograph have been clearly demonstrated in arid landscape rivers and streams. As discussed by Stanford (1994), no universal quantitative method of determining specific habitat needs (i.e. flow recommendations) of fishes exists and an adaptive management approach using the best information available represents the most desirable approach. Stanford (1994) further recommended that, due to the "critical" nature of flows and habitat in the Yampa River, and its importance to the recovery of endangered fishes in the Upper Colorado River Basin, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service interim flows should be adopted and evaluated. However, Stanford (1994) cautioned that the environmental baseline needed to be revised and that flow recommendations not be based on monthly averages because of the need to incorporate instantaneous variation which was a "very important component of river ecology".

RECOMMENDATIONS

Flow Recommendations

Based on the review of the IHA results for the Yampa River, the RIP instream flow review (Stanford 1994) and the existing biological information in this report, the Service has reevaluated the interim flow recommendations for the Yampa River (USFWS 1990). The 1990 recommendations were based on the preservation of a natural hydrograph with base flows maintained at a constant flow (i.e. 50% exceedance) measured at Deerlodge Park. During the course of the Yampa River Alternative Feasibility study (Hydrosphere Resource Consultants 1995a), the Maybell gage was identified as the reference point for flow recommendations and the depletion set above that point was updated as shown in Table 3. Based on the modeling undertaken by the Yampa River Feasibility Study this revised depletion set was still considered to be consistent with the maintenance of a relatively natural hydrograph.

Daily, seasonal and annual variation may be the responsible factor for maintaining the abundance of native fishes in Yampa Canyon. The higher gradient in the confined channel of Yampa Canyon (Miller et al. 1982) produces greater ranges in velocity, turbulence and depth than occurs in lesser gradient channel outside the canyon where wider floodplain habitats exist which may provide refuge for nonnative fishes. The harsh environment occurring in Yampa Canyon during peak flows is most likely the reason native fishes are most abundant. Annual variation should be more favorable to native fishes the closer it resembles virgin conditions, that is, variation and magnitude around the natural hydrograph. The maintenance of constant monthly baseflows that do not vary annually is a significant departure from a natural hydrograph and such moderation of flows may be of greater advantage to nonnative than native fish species. The baseflows for the Yampa River should therefore correspond to its largely unregulated and undepleted hydrology in any given year. However, the constant and extreme fluctuation of baseflows, such as those resulting from hydroelectric generation, should also be avoided.

The recent review of the Upper Colorado River Basin flow recommendations by Stanford (1994) supported the need for the maintenance of natural variation and expressed the need for a natural hydrograph rather than a stair-stepped recommendation based on monthly averages. That report also expressed concern with the de-stabilization of daily flows by hydropower operations on the Green and Gunnison rivers, and cautioned that the daily hydropower ramping rates should not exceed pre-regulation conditions. The recommendation was to restore naturally stable summer and winter baseflows on the Green and Gunnison rivers, which would exhibit substantial daily, seasonal, and annual variation, as now occurs on the largely unregulated Yampa River. Stanford (1994) suggested that natural variation during the baseflow period could be about 5% per day.

The primary tenet of the interim Fish and Wildlife Service Yampa River flow recommendations, to maintain a relatively natural hydrograph, remains unchanged. High spring flows are necessary to support biological needs (initiates spawning

Table 3. Projects included in the Yampa River Section 7 Baseline Above Maybell, Colorado. Values represent acre feet.

	Yampa River	Depletion
Craig Thermal I, II, III	Total	19,200
Hayden Thermal I, II		<u>7,100</u>
	Total	26,300
Municipal/Other		3,091
Mining		<u>_1.692</u>
	Total	4,183
Stagecoach Reservoir		
Municipal		333
Industrial		9,000
Evaporation		1,140
Yampcolo Exchange		2,400
	Total	12,473
Private Actions Reasonably Certain to Occur ¹		
Export		4,788
Reservoir Evaporation		<u>4.638</u>
•	Total	9,426
Agriculture		
Historic Agriculture		81,669
Agricultural consumption to 1989 level		3,519
Dry Year Additional Agriculture ²		4,250
	Total	89,438
GRAND TOTAL	•	142,820

¹Private action reasonably certain to occur are actions described in the regulations which have no federal nexus and can be reasonably certain to occur.

²Additional Agricultural Consumption added in 10 dry years

Table 4. The U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service recommends the following flows for the Yampa River at Maybell, Colorado (September 1995). Flow recommendations vary between the exceedance levels described on this table relative to the magnitude of a specific runoff year. Exceedance numbers are based upon estimates of daily virgin flows from 1950 to 1982. A constant flat flow at these exceedance levels is not recommended, flows should be interpolated between these recommendations with portions of the month higher and portions lower (i.e. reflective of the curve of a natural hydrograph). An alternate table, not recommended by the Fish and Wildlife Service that data which excludes the minimum 10 cfs values in the estimating daily exceedance of virgin flows is found in Appendix 5.

MONTH	80% ¹ Exceedance DRY	50% Exceedance AVERAGE	20% Exceedance WET			
OCT	88	181	335			
NOV	172	239	336			
DEC	157	209	320			
JAN	187	230	299			
FEB	221 266 338					
MAR	305 443 69					
APR						
MAY	Existing flows (Table 3)	minus the deple	etion baseline			
JUN						
JULY						
AUG	125	302	520			
SEP	45	139	242			

¹Exceedances in cfs

migration, spawning, and creates nursery habitat for early life stages) and maintain the river channel geomorphology such that habitats necessary for endangered fishes continue to exist. A slight deviation in the interim recommendations for baseflows is proposed, such that, flows during successive years fluctuate according to the magnitude of the water year. The recommendations for minimum flows are that: 1) baseflows generally remain above the monthly 80% exceedance for virgin flows between August through March period as shown in Table 4, and 2) rates of daily variation throughout the year do not materially deviate from virgin conditions. The relative impacts of a minimum flow on native and nonnative fishes is unknown at this time. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service suggests an adaptive approach to defining baseflow recommendations by evaluating the response of native and nonnative fish interactions following low flow years, i.e., greater than 80% exceedance. The use of the 20% and 80% exceedance values has been standard practice for developing Biological Opinions in Region 6, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for defining high and low flows years. The same standards were proposed by Maheshwari et al. 1995.

The importance of the Yampa River's relatively natural flow magnitude and variation to the life histories of endangered fishes fully justifies that the flow recommendations be implemented and evaluated. Because daily, seasonal and annual flow variations may be essential to the life history of the endangered fishes of the Yampa River, the continuous pattern of a natural hydrograph should be maintained rather than a truncated design of constant monthly values. Below are specific rationale for U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service recommendations associated with the runoff and baseflow period.

Spring (March 21 - June 21)

Colorado squawfish

In the spring adults move into flooded or protected areas where they fed and ostensibly prepare for spawning. Annual spawning migrations are associated with the decline of the hydrograph and increasing temperatures. Between 1981-1988, spawning of Colorado squawfish occurred approximately 26 days following the start of migration movement with minimum temperatures of 19° C and maximum temperatures of 24° C. Spawning generally occurred earlier in low water years and later in high water years. Seasonal peak flows are necessary to cue movement, build and maintain gravel spawning bars, and sculpt river channels to create eddy habitats used by staging fishes.

Razorback sucker

Razorback sucker spawning migration is initiated during the increasing limb of the natural hydrograph and spawning occurs between temperatures of 12° C to 16° C. High flows are necessary to clean spawning gravel and cobbles and transport larval fish from spawning sites to nursery sites downstream in the lower gradient reaches of the Green River.

Humpback chub

Humpback chub appear to spawn following the seasonal peak flow at temperatures of about 19° C. Seasonally high flows are important in constructing and maintaining shoreline eddy habitats used by humpback chub throughout the year.

Spring Recommendations

Spring peak flows are associated with reproductive activities of all the target endangered species occupying the Yampa River. Spring peak flows of the Yampa River connect floodplain habitats thus providing seasonal bottomland use by endangered fishes in both the Yampa and Green rivers. The decline of razorback sucker may be due to the loss of floodplain habitat in the low gradient reaches of the Green River and Yampa rivers. Evidence also suggests that high flows impede establishment of exotic fish species, particularly in canyon bound reaches of the Yampa River.

Spring high flows transport sediments and that are delivered downstream to nursery habitat sites for Colorado squawfish in the middle Green River. High flows are also implicated in reducing encroachment of the introduced salt cedar, and exotic plant that competes with native riparian vegetation. Given the needs for high spring flows the Service recommends that existing flows (minus the baseline depletion) be provided for the recovery of endangered fishes in the Yampa River..

Summer (June 22 - September 22)

Colorado squawfish

A gradual decline in summer flows following spring scouring of cobble substrates provides an environment that facilitates spawning, incubation, larval emergence, and downstream drift of larvae, as well as, enhance growth and development of embryos and larvae. High spring flows help to create downstream nursery areas, but these habitats are maintained as productive fish habitats by declining flows. Sufficient flows are necessary for return migration of postspawning adults past low flow obstacles in the river channel. Variability in flow among years and months should provide greater benefits to native fishes, as observed in Yampa Canyon.

Humpback chub

Extremely low summer flows could adversely affect spawning and nursery habitat of the humpback chub in Yampa Canyon by concentrating fishes in suboptimal habitats and increasing the potential for disease, competition, predation, and hybridization. Variability in flow among years should provide greater benefits to native fishes, as observed in Yampa Canyon.

Summer recommendations

Flows during the months of August through September should be maintained between 20% and 80% exceedance based upon the flow magnitude occurring during that year. Flows should occur in a pattern reflecting a natural hydrograph with a continuous curve and not truncated or stair-stepped based on any temporal based mean.

Fall and Winter (September 23 - March 31).

Colorado squawfish

Variable Yampa River flows (20% to 80%) are desirable for adults and juveniles relative to interaction with nonnative fishes. However, under ice conditions flow should never decrease below 80% exceedance flows. Because of the transition to winter behavior, it is important to prevent unnatural variation during this period to reduce any ice break-up that may occur and the energy required by fish to move to and from preferred habitat which may cause stress.

Humpback chub

Flows lower than the 80% exceedance value are not recommended. Little is known of fall and winter habitat use of humpback chub, however, most native species are believed to compete more effectively with nonnative species when environmental conditions show natural levels of variability.

Fall and Winter Recommendations

Naturally variable flows between 20% and 80% exceedance (depending on the magnitude of the flow year) occurring in a continuous hydrograph are recommended. Regular and unnaturally high flow fluctuations should be avoided to prevent ice break-up and unnecessary energy expenditure by fishes resulting from movement associated with changes in preferred water column position.

Summary of flow recommendations

The Fish and Wildlife Service flow recommendations (Table 4) were based on calendar months to facilitate their translation into the water right decree. Due to the limitations of available water, the Fish and Wildlife Service recognizes that implementation of the above flow recommendations will involve trade-offs between seasonal needs. A discussion of the seasonal priorities and mechanisms related to implementation will be addressed in a separate report prepared by the Fish and Wildlife Service.

Baseflow Months August-March

During the non runoff months the flow recommendation is for flows between the 20% and 80% exceedance of virgin daily flow. The recommendation is meant to vary depending on the type water year and not to be construed as a single value but must vary between years and between days in the month to emulate the variability of a natural hydrograph.

High Flow Months

Flow recommendations for the high flow months, April through July, include all existing flows minus the depletion baseline allowance described in Table 3. These flows are necessary as biological cues, habitat construction (spawning and habitats necessary for all life stages), and maintenance.

Recommended Actions

The Yampa River, due to its relatively natural hydrograph and environmental variability, is a primary factor in the maintenance and potential recovery of Colorado squawfish, razorback sucker, and humpback chub in the Upper Colorado River Basin. This river supports the largest Colorado squawfish spawning aggregation, one of two known razorback sucker spawning sites and supports all life stages of humpback chub. Despite its importance and research emphasis during the past decade, little trend information exists relative to abundance or population structure of native and/or nonnative fishes below the confluence of the Little Snake River. In this respect, a long term monitoring effort for the entire Yampa River needs to be initiated. In addition, little information also exists on available habitat as it relates to flows. In the same manner, the interactions between native and nonnative fishes is unknown. As proposed by Stanford (1994) flow recommendations should be initiated as an adaptive management process. If natural low flows result in detrimental interactions between native and nonnative fishes the recommendations in this report may not be valid and would need to be revised.

Another issue identified in this report was potential disruption to postspawning Colorado squawfish migration. Flows were identified in which barriers were traversed by fish; however, if fish were unable to traverse these barriers they would not have been detected. As a consequence, further investigation as to the limitations associated with fish movement through both natural and man-made obstacles during

low flows is recommended. Identification of flows necessary for movement past potential barriers would allow greater resolution in defining a lower limit of baseflows.

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Appendix 1. Dates and flows in the Yampa River at the Maybell gage before and after radio transmitter equipped Colorado squawfish left the Yampa River spawning reach.

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Colorado squawfish movement through Cross mountain Canyon.

Tag No.	Date below	Flow below
1300	07/08/81	535
1312	07/17/81	515
1327	07/21/81	467
1330	07/05/81	1060
1339	07/05/81	1060
1347	07/23/81	324
1166	08/08/83	1200
3056	08/03/83	1360
3061	08/03/83	1360
3074	08/03/83	1400
3076	08/08/83	1200

Colorado squawfish movement through the Maybell Diversion.

Tag No.	Date below	Flow below
1300	08/05/81	177
1327	07/30/81	352
1339 .	07/05/81	1060
1347	08/05/81	177
3056	08/03/83	1360
3061	08/03/83	1360
3074	08/02/83	1400
3282	08/07/82	804

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Appendix 3. Report by Hydrosphere Resource Consultants that estimates daily flow in the Yampa River at Maybell (attached).

DEVELOPMENT OF ESTIMATED DAILY FLOWS YAMPA RIVER AT MAYBELL

May 12, 1995

Prepared for:

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DEVELOPMENT OF ESTIMATED DAILY FLOWS YAMPA RIVER AT MAYBELL

OVERALL DESCRIPTION OF WORK

This work was undertaken to assist the Colorado River Fish Project of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service ("Fish Project") by providing certain hydrologic data it requires to investigate the potential benefits and disadvantages of summer low flow augmentation in the Yampa River using storage water made available by the enlargement of Elkhead Reservoir. Funding for this work was provided through the Colorado River Water Conservation District.

Three hydrologic data sets were developed in this effort, including: 1) estimated daily virgin flows in the Yampa River at the Maybell gage; 2) estimated daily flows at the Maybell gage in the year 2040 without the Elkhead Reservoir enlargement project; and 3) estimated daily flows at Maybell in the year 2040 with an enlarged Elkhead Reservoir operating to provide augmentation flow in the Yampa River. Development of the data sets relied heavily on previous work accomplished as part of the Yampa River Basin Recommended Alternative Detailed Feasibility Study ("Phase 2 Study") and its predecessor, the Yampa River Basin Alternatives Feasibility Study ("Phase 1 Study"). In particular, data sets of current and future water demands and modeled scenarios of river flow conditions developed in those studies were used directly and indirectly to estimate daily flows at Maybell.

ESTIMATED DAILY VIRGIN FLOWS AT MAYBELL

Estimated daily virgin flows at the Maybell gage site (USGS gage # 09251000) were developed by adding estimated depletions associated with historical upstream water uses back into the gaged flow for each day of the study period. The estimated depletions added back into the gage values were those associated with: 1) the municipalities of Steamboat Springs, Hayden and Craig, 2) the Hayden and Craig Generating Stations, 3) irrigation of upstream agricultural lands, 4) the diversions of the Maybell Canal immediately upstream of the gage, 5) diversions for export from the basin, and 6) the first-fill of and subsequent evaporation from principal upstream reservoirs.

Historical records needed to carry out the work were obtained from a variety of sources. The principal data sources included the Division 6 Office of the State Engineer, which provided records on diversions and irrigated acreage, and water and wastewater managers of the larger municipalities in the basin. Related documents and information which shed light on historical data or provided means of independently verifying it were also obtained and reviewed. Historical data necessary for the work included: gaged flow at Maybell; daily diversions of the Maybell Canal; daily diversions of the generating stations and municipalities; wastewater flows from the municipalities; populations of the municipalities; historically irrigated acreage;

historical climatic data for estimation of evapotranspiration; types of crops grown in the basin; diversions of irrigation ditches; evaporation rates; dates and patterns of first-fill of reservoirs; and reservoir operations of consequence.

Related documents obtained and reviewed included: annual reports of the Division 6 Engineer; irrigated acreage from the Consumptive Uses and Losses Reports prepared by the Bureau of Reclamation; the recent water availability study done for the Colorado Water Conservation Board; and reports of the Colorado Department of Agriculture and Bureau of Census. The work also relied on information developed through numerous conversations with the Division 6 Engineer and other water managers in the basin.

Definition of Study Period

The term "study period" here refers to the historical period of time over which daily flow data sets were developed. While it is desirable to have as long study period as possible, constraints imposed by the availability of both historical and modeled data sets limited it to an interval from approximately 1950 to the present. Gaged Maybell flows were examined to determine precisely which starting and ending years in this general time period should be used to insure that all included dry spells are contained entirely within the study period. The study period was then defined as extending from October 1, 1949 to September 30, 1982 (water years 1950-1982)

Daily Municipal Depletions

Daily municipal depletions were estimated by first establishing statistical relationships between recent annual historical records of diversions and wastewater flows at the municipalities, and recent population data. The relationships were then used to estimate annual depletions from 1950 to 1982 using population data over the study period. The depletions were then disaggregated into monthly values using an average monthly pattern observed in recent historical records, and the monthly depletion computed as the difference between monthly diversions and wastewater return flows. Finally, the monthly depletions were disaggregated into daily values using a spline interpolation scheme that preserved the total flow volume in each month. Daily municipal depletions were estimated for the municipalities of Steamboat Springs and Mt. Werner, Hayden, and Craig.

Steamboat Springs and Mt. Werner Water and Sanitation District

Total annual depletion data between 1985 and 1991 were related to population over the same period. The annual depletions were obtained from the aggregated monthly depletions in recent years. Monthly depletions were computed as diversions minus wastewater effluent. The diversion data were obtained from the Fish Creek Reservoir Expansion EIS Water Resources Technical Report (ACZ, Inc., 1992), which provides the monthly water usage by the City of Steamboat and the Mt. Werner district. Data on total annual wastewater flow from the treatment plant over the 1985 through 1991 period were obtained from the City and were reduced by 5.39% to remove contributions by Steamboat II, Sleepy Bear and Ski Town (since diversion data were not available for these small domestic systems). This data was then also related to population data over the study period.

In those months when the monthly depletion was less than five percent of the monthly diversion, the depletion for the month was taken as five percent of the diversion. Depletions less than five percent sometimes occur during the winter and early spring months and are likely a result of seepage inflow to the wastewater collection system.

The relationship developed between annual depletion and population was then used to estimate annual depletions over the period 1950- 1982 using population data over the study period. Population figures were obtained from the demographic section of the Division of Local Government, Department of Local Affairs. Because population data were only available every ten years in the earlier part of the study period, the intervening years were filled in using a straight line interpolation scheme. Annual values were then disaggregated into monthly values using the average monthly diversion or wastewater flow over the 1985 through 1991 period expressed as a percentage of the average annual value over the same period. Monthly depletions were then estimated by subtracting the monthly wastewater flows from the diversions. The monthly depletions were then disaggregated into daily values using a quadratic spline interpolation scheme. Daily values were then routed to the Maybell gage based on the travel times discussed below.

Town of Hayden

A similar approach was used to estimate daily depletions for the Town of Hayden. Monthly diversion records for Hayden's municipal water use were obtained from the Town over the period 1991 through 1994. Effluent from the wastewater treatment plant was estimated to average 200,000 gallons/day (Jack Rickman, Public Works Director, Town of Hayden). Annual depletions (diversion minus wastewater effluent) were computed over the recent historical record, and related to the population data over the same period. The relationship was then used to calculate annual depletions over the study period from 1950 through 1982. The annual depletions were then disaggregated into monthly values using the average monthly depletion pattern expressed as a percentage of the annual value over the recent historical period. Daily depletion estimates were then derived from the monthly depletions using a quadratic spline interpolation scheme. Daily values were then routed to the Maybell gage based on the travel times discussed below.

City of Craig

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The approach used to estimate historical depletions at Steamboat Springs and Hayden was also used for the City of Craig. Annual flow from the water and wastewater treatment plants over the period from 1984 through 1990 were related to the population over the same period. The relationships were then used to estimate the corresponding annual flows over the 1950 through 1982 study period using population data from the period. Annual flows estimated in the study period were then disaggregated into monthly values based on the average monthly flow pattern expressed as a percentage of the average annual flow over the historical period from 1984 through 1990. The monthly depletions were then calculated as the monthly flows from the water treatment plant minus the effluent from the wastewater treatment plant. Daily depletion estimates were then obtained from the monthly depletions using a quadratic spline interpolation scheme. Daily values were then routed to the Maybell gage based on the travel times discussed below.

Daily Power Generation Depletions

Historical depletions associated with the Hayden and Craig Generating Stations were determined from daily records of actual diversions over the study period. These records were supplied by the Office of the State Engineer, Division of Water Resources. All diversions by the Hayden and Craig Stations were assumed to be 100 percent consumptive with respect to the flow measurement gage on the Yampa River at Maybell. The effects of these diversions were then routed to the Maybell gage using the travel times discussed below.

Daily Irrigation Depletions

Irrigation results in the most significant depletions that are imbedded in the historical gaged flow at Maybell. Accordingly, this "correction" to the gaged Maybell flow was given the greatest attention. Historical irrigation depletions were, in general, estimated from potential crop consumptive use adjusted for the effects of water supply shortages, groundwater return flows, and river travel times. The agricultural depletion analysis was conducted on a monthly basis. Estimated depletions were then converted to daily values using a spline interpolation scheme.

Historically Irrigated Lands

Estimates of historically irrigated lands are available since the mid-1970's from the Division 6 office of the State Engineer. Since this time, irrigated lands have average roughly 70,000 acres in the Yampa River Basin in Water Districts 44, 57 and 58, and acreage has shown little variability from year to year. The Division 6 Engineer has suggested that this same approximate level of irrigated lands likely occurred over the period 1950 through 1982. Information provided on irrigated acreage from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation also showed no time trends in the amount of irrigated lands since the 1930's...

To estimate historical agricultural depletions over the study period, records of irrigated lands were examined from a 1994 tabulation developed by the Division 6 Engineer. This information was provided in electronic DBase format which listed each irrigation ditch and the number of acres it supplied. This information was then sorted by general geographic location and filtered to exclude any acreage below the Maybell gage (a portion of District 44 extends to the west of Maybell). This process resulted in an estimated 68,700 acres of irrigated lands upstream of the gage. The area of irrigated lands was assumed constant over the study period.

Potential Consumptive Use

Monthly potential crop consumptive use rates were estimated, using the Blaney-Criddle method and historical precipitation and temperature data, for the irrigated crop types determined to be relevant over the study period (primarily pasture hay and alfalfa). Potential consumptive use (PCU) was estimated for each crop type at each of four climate stations in the basin which were in operation during the study period (Yampa, Steamboat Springs, Hayden, and Craig). PCU rates (feet) were developed for each month of the study period.

Aggregation of Irrigated Areas

The current distribution of irrigated land in the basin was examined from the perspective of climatic zone, distance from the Maybell gage, and irrigation practice. From these considerations, eight groupings of lands were defined for consumptive use estimation purposes (Table 1). All lands within each group were treated as if they constituted a single parcel of irrigated land. Potential consumptive use rates for each of the eight land groupings were developed in consideration of each area's proximity to one of the four climate stations. Furthermore, cropping type was considered to appropriately weight PCU for differences in crop proportions between land groups. The PCU rates were then applied to the number of acres in each grouping to estimate monthly potential consumptive use, in acre-feet, over the study period.

Table 1
Designation of Irrigated Land Groupings for Estimation of Agricultural Depletions

Group	Irrigated Area Included in Grouping	Climate Station		
_	V DI GILL LO LA LA LA LEUR DI LETTE LA MARCO	ata Wassas '		
1	Yampa River/Tribs. ab. Steamboat and Elk River/Tribs. ab. Mad Cre	ek Yampa		
2 .	Yampa River/Tribs. between Milner and Steamboat Springs	Steamboat		
3	Yampa River/Tribs. between Mount Harris and Milner	Steamboat		
4	Trout Creek/Tribs. and Williams Fork ab. Hamilton	Steamboat		
5	Yampa River/Tribs, between Mount Harris and Elkhead Creek	Hayden		
6	Elkhead Creek/Tribs.	Hayden		
7	Yampa River/Tribs. between Elkhead Creek and Williams Fork	Craig		
8	Yampa River/Tribs. bel. Craig and Morapos Creek	Craig		

Historical Diversions

Records of historical diversions by all irrigation ditches in the Yampa River Basin were supplied by the Office of the State Engineer, Division of Water Resources. This data was available in both daily format and as monthly totals for each diversion structure. With the exception of the Maybell Canal, only monthly totals were examined.

Diversion data was provided in electronic DBase format and was systematically filtered to develop a set of diversion records for only those ditches upstream of the Maybell Gage. The Maybell Canal was excluded from this subset (discussed below). The data were then cross referenced with data on irrigated lands to develop eight sets of diversion data which were geographically consistent with the geographic groupings shown in Table 1. Each of the data sets consisted of 33 years of monthly diversion volumes (acre-feet).

Irrigation Depletion Analysis

Potential consumptive use is an upper-bound estimate of actual consumptive use. Actual consumptive use will generally be less than potential consumptive use because of water supply shortages and irrigation and harvesting practices. Furthermore, the temporal pattern of actual stream depletion is different from that of actual consumptive use because of the lagging of

groundwater return flows (stream depletion on any given day is the net of diversions and return flows on that day).

In order to estimate historical depletions due to irrigation, an EXCEL spreadsheet was created to calculate actual consumptive use and return flows to the Yampa River. This analysis was conducted for each of the eight land groupings identified. Input to this calculation included 1) irrigated area; 2) historical diversions to those lands; 3) potential consumptive use; and 4) assumptions relating to ditch losses, application efficiencies, and return flow characteristics. Return flow characteristics reflected distance from the irrigated lands to the river and hydraulic conductivities of the underlying soils. These characteristics were used in a Glover analysis to determine monthly groundwater return flow lag factors.

Input data on irrigated lands, diversions and potential consumptive use were determined as previously described. Values for ditch loss rates, application efficiencies and return flow characteristics were assumed based on engineering judgment. We believe these assumptions are generally consistent with the methods of irrigation in the Yampa River Basin and the location of irrigated lands (Table 2).

Table 2
Land Grouping Characteristics Used in Glover Analysis of Return Flows

Group	Irrigated Area (ac.)	Ditch Loss (%)	Application Efficiency (%)	•	Hydraulic Conductivity (ft./d)	Specific Yield	Saturated Thickness (ft.)
1	21,500	10	45	4,000	400	0.2	20
2.	14,100	10	45	4,000	300 .	0.2	20
3	500	10	45	2,000	200	0.2	20
. 4	8,000	10	45	2,000	300	0.2	. 20
5	6,600	10	45	4,000	200	0.2	20
6	2,200	10	45	2,000	200	0.2	20
7	5,600	10	45	3,000	200	0.2	20
8	10,200	10	45	2,000	175	0.2	20

The agricultural depletion analysis generated eight sets of monthly depletion values. Generally speaking, depletions are positive (diversions are greater return flows in each month) during the months of April through July. During the remaining months of the year, depletions are generally negative (return flows are greater than diversions in each month). Monthly depletion volumes were then converted to daily values using a spline interpolation scheme. Each of the eight daily data sets were then routed downstream based on the average distance of each land grouping from the Maybell gage and the travel time estimates discussed below.

Estimated monthly depletions generated through the analysis were then compared to similar estimates by Division 6 for the period 1976 to 1982. On average the comparison was quite close. However, the Division 6 estimates tended to show somewhat more variability from year to year. Agricultural depletions estimated through this study averaged roughly 78,000 acre-feet per year and ranged from a high of over 97,000 acre-feet (1978) to a low of 46,500

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acre-feet (1965). Division 6 has estimated depletions of over 100,000 acre-feet in recent years, although this estimate includes some agricultural depletions occurring below the Maybell gage.

Maybell Canal Depletions

The Maybell Canal diverts water from the Yampa River approximately four miles upstream of the Maybeil gage. Water diverted by the Canal serves lands located several miles downstream. For purposes of this study, it was assumed that diversions by the Maybell Canal were 100 percent consumptive with respect to the gage. With this assumption, the adjustment to gage flows at Maybell was made simply by adding back in the daily diversions observed from 1950 to 1982. No routing correction was applied to these diversions because of the close proximity of the Canal to the Maybell gage.

Daily Basin Export Depletions

Several ditches within the Yampa River Basin divert water for export to another basin. Three of these exports occur upstream of the Maybell Gage. For purposes of this study, it was assumed that these diversions are 100 percent consumptive with respect to the Maybell gage. With this assumption, the adjustment made to reflect these depletions was simply to account for observed historical diversions by these ditches and route this effect based on travel time estimates. Diversion records were obtained from the Division 6 Office of the State Engineer.

Daily Reservoir Depletions

Three types of reservoir depletions were accounted for in the estimation of virgin flows: (1) depletions from evaporation, (2) depletions from first fill, and (3) depletions from reservoir operations. Calculations explicitly accounted for depletions from five reservoirs: Steamboat Lake, Lake Catamount, Yamcolo Reservoir, Stillwater Reservoir and Elkhead Reservoir. Reservoir depletions from other reservoirs and open water bodies (e.g., stock ponds) above the Maybell gage were aggregated in each of the three water districts. Depletions were computed on a monthly basis and then disaggregated into daily values using a quadratic spline interpolation scheme that preserved the total depletions in each month.

Evaporation and first fill depletions were calculated for Steamboat Lake. The reservoir was assumed to remain full after it filled for the first time in the spring of 1963. The monthly evaporation depletion was computed as the average surface area from the current and previous months multiplied by the net evaporation rate for the month. Evaporation rates were taken from the Phase 1 study. The first fill depletion was computed as the capacity of the reservoir, and was assumed to take place in April of 1963. The monthly evaporation and first fill depletions were then disaggregated into daily values using a quadratic spline interpolation scheme that preserved the total depletions in each month.

Evaporation and first fill depletions were also calculated for Elkhead Reservoir and Lake Catamount in the same manner as described above for Steamboat Reservoir. However, the first fill for Elkhead Reservoir was assumed to take place in April of 1974. The first fill for Lake Catamount was assumed to take place in April of 1977.

Evaporation, first fill and reservoir operation depletions were calculated for Yamcolo Reservoir. The reservoir was built in 1980 and historical end-of-month storage records are available starting from January of 1981. The evaporation depletion was computed as the average surface area multiplied by the net evaporation rate. The first fill depletion was assumed to be equal to the end-of-month content for January, 1981, i.e., it was assumed that the reservoir began storing water in January, 1981. Depletions from reservoir operation for the month were computed as the current end-of-month content minus the previous end-of-month content. Hence, the depletion is positive when the reservoir is storing water, and is negative when the reservoir is releasing water. Monthly depletions from evaporation, first fill and reservoir operations were then added together and dissagregated into daily values using the quadratic spline interpolation scheme.

Evaporation and reservoir operation depletions were calculated for Stillwater Reservoir. The first fill depletion was not considered in this case because the reservoir was built before our study period began in 1950. An average pattern of end-of-month contents was obtained from the recent historical end-of-month records from 1979 through 1990. This pattern was then applied over the entire study period. The daily evaporation and reservoir operation depletions were then calculated as described above.

Evaporation and first fill depletions were computed for all stock ponds in Districts 44, 57 and 58 in existence during the study period. The surface areas and the date of appropriation of the stock ponds were obtained from the Division 6 Office of the State Engineer. From these, a time series indicating how the surface areas increased over the study period from 1950 through 1982 was constructed based upon the assumption that the stock pond was built in the year of water rights appropriation. Evaporation depletions for each month of the study period were then computed as the net evaporation rate for the month multiplied by the surface area for the year. First fill depletions were assumed to take place in the month of April when the surface area increased from one year to the next. The first fill depletion amount was computed as the reservoir volume corresponding to the increase in surface area using the area-volume relationship for Stillwater Reservoir (this was considered representative of typical reservoirs). The monthly evaporation and first fill depletions for the stock ponds were dissagregated into daily depletion values, and then routed to the Maybell gage using the appropriate travel times.

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River Flow Travel Times

The effects of river travel times are significant when daily depletions at points upstream in the basin must be translated to the Maybell gage. Average travel times between selected points in the basin and the gage reach were estimated for each month of the year using a uniform flow assumption, channel geometries and slopes estimated from USGS quad maps, and average monthly gaged flows at the Steamboat Springs and Maybell gages. The resulting estimates were then used to develop daily routing factors to be used in translating estimated depletions from their locations of occurrence to the Maybell gage.

Average travel times were estimated between: (1) the USGS gage on Yampa River at Craig and the USGS gage on Yampa River near Maybell; (2) the USGS gage on Yampa River near Steamboat and the USGS gage on Yampa River at Craig; (3) the USGS gage on Elk River at Clark and the confluence of the Elk River and Yampa River; and (4) the USGS gage on Yampa River above Stagecoach Reservoir and the USGS gage on Yampa River near

Development of Estimated Daily Flows - Yampa River at Maybell

Steamboat. From these, travel time contours were drawn, and the travel time from any basin location to the Maybell gage was then estimated using the contours.

Average velocities between the selected locations were estimated using a uniform flow, channel geometry and slope assumptions. The channel geometries were estimated from USGS 7.5 minute quadrangle maps. Slopes were estimated from the elevations recorded in the USGS Water Resources Data report for the gages, and the river mile information provided by Division 6. The Manning equation was used for computing the average velocity as:

$$V = \frac{1.49}{n} R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

where n = Manning's coefficient

S = average slope = (elevation difference/distance)

R = hydraulic radius = (Area/Wetted Perimeter)

The travel time between two locations was then estimated as the river distance divided by the average velocity. Parameters used for estimating the average velocity in the four reaches defined are given in Table 3.

Table 3
Parameters Used for Computing Average Travel Times

	Yampa River Craig to	Yampa River Steamboat to	Elk River Clark to	Yampa River Stagecoach to
	Maybell	Craig	Confluence	Steamboat
Manning's coefficient	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Change in Elevation (ft)	199.77	595.47	747.75	544.53
Distance (miles)	55.75	54.75	22.40	19.50
Average slope	0.0007	0.0021	0.0063	0.0053
Average flow area (ft ²)	500	279	100	225
Average wetted perimeter	(ft) 230	186	80	150
Hydraulic radius (ft)	2.17	1.50	1.25	1.50
Average flow velocity (ft/se	ec) 1.30	1.77	2.75	2.84
Average travel time (days)	2.62	1.89	0.50	0.42

Daily Virgin Flows at Maybell

Estimated daily virgin flows at Maybell were calculated according to the following general formula:

Daily virgin flow equals:

daily gaged flow, plus routed daily depletions at Steamboat Springs, Hayden and Craig, plus routed daily diversions at the Craig and Hayden Stations, plus routed daily depletions for each of the eight irrigated lands groupings, plus routed daily diversions for transbasin export, plus routed daily reservoir depletions, plus daily diversions at the Maybell Canal.

Adjustments to Virgin Flows

Estimated daily virgin flow at Maybell over the 33 year study period were examined to check for the presence of negative values in the calculation results. Negative virgin flows, while not possible from a physical standpoint, can result due to the adjustment applied for agricultural depletions. As previously described, depletions from irrigation are typically negative during all but a few months as groundwater flow returns to the river in a lagged fashion. Adjustment for a negative historical depletion results in a virgin flow that is less than gage flows (i.e. the return flow would not have happened without irrigation activity).

The review of estimated virgin flows revealed several days with negative calculated values generally ranging from -10 cfs to -20 cfs. The fact that these values exclusively occurred during the months of September and October suggested that estimates of return flow characteristics could be improved. In an attempt to eliminate these occurrences, assumptions on hydraulic conductivity were modified in the calculation of agricultural depletions and new virgin flows estimated (final return flow parameters are shown in Table 2). Although these changes reduced the number of occurrences, negative values still resulted in approximately 50 days of the roughly 12,000 daily flow calculations. Rather than further modifying assumed return flow characteristics, these negative values were set equal to 10 cfs. Given the large drainage area above the Maybell gage and the geology of the area in the vicinity of the gage, we believe it unlikely that flow levels would drop below this level under virgin conditions.

DAILY MAYBELL FLOWS: FUTURE CONDITIONS WITHOUT-PROJECT

Estimated daily flows at Maybell reflecting future (year 2040) without-project conditions were developed by subtracting estimated daily depletions associated with year 2040 water uses from the estimated daily virgin flows. Year 2040 water uses were generally those defined and used in the Phase 1 and Phase 2 studies. Future daily depletion estimates were developed, in general, by factoring the daily depletion estimates developed in estimating virgin flows to year 2040 use levels, "backcasting" them over the entire study period, and subtracting them from the virgin flow estimates.

Development of Estimated Daily Flows - Yampa River at Maybell

The daily factors applied for these adjustments were calculated as the daily percentage of total volume for each year of the study period. Where the estimated historical daily depletions showed a time trend, the factors from more recent periods were used over the entire study period. These daily factors were then multiplied by the assumed constant 2040 level of depletion (from the Phase 1 and Phase 2 studies) for each day of the year. Table 4 provides the resulting approximate level of 2040 depletion by general category.

Table 4
Approximate 2040 Level Depletion Adjustments Applied to Virgin Flows (af)

Depletion Category	Adjustment to 2040 Level Depletion	
Municipal	15,517	
Agricultural	84,588	
Thermoelectric	31,644	
Coal Gas Plant	8,000	
Mining	7,245	
Export	3,402	
Res. Evap. and Ops.	11,235	
Maybell Canal	10,048	
Total	171.679	

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Estimated daily depleted Maybell flows reflective of year 2040 conditions were calculated by subtracting the estimated daily depletions of from the estimated daily virgin flows. As with calculations of virgin flows, negative daily flow values were calculated in several years of the study period. In these instances, any negative values were reset to zero values.

The total 2040 depletion level adjustment averaged 171,700 acre-feet per year. This is somewhat higher than the assumed 2040 levels described in the Phase 1 and 2 studies for several reasons. First and most importantly, it should be noted that the 2040 depletion estimates presented in the Phase 1 and 2 studies were for the basin above the Little Snake River confluence, which is downstream of the Maybell gage; return flows from the Maybell Canal (which accrue to the river above the Little Snake) would probably reduce the 171,700 acre-foot average by roughly 5,000 to 7,000 acre-feet per year. Secondly, the depletion estimates in the Phase 1 and 2 studies were derived in a different manner than the depletion estimates made for this analysis; for the earlier studies, all but a few depletions estimated by adding depletion increments to assumptions about depletions implicit in the gage data. In the present analysis, we have attempted to estimate all depletions in explicit terms from basic data.

DAILY MAYBELL FLOWS: FUTURE CONDITIONS WITH-PROJECT

Estimated daily Maybell flows under future (year 2040) demand conditions with the enlargement of Elkhead Reservoir were developed by applying a set of differences to the daily depleted flows estimated for year 2040. This set of differences reflect the change in Maybell flow conditions, over the without-project case, caused by operation of the enlarged Elkhead Reservoir. The general pattern of these differences is that of storage (less flow) in the early spring and releases (more flow) in late July and early August. These monthly differences were derived using results from the Yampa River Basin Model developed in the Phase 2 study.

Monthly differences in Maybell flows under the with- and without-Elkhead-enlargement model scenarios were converted to a set of daily differences using a simplified step function scheme. This scheme was designed to reflect that Elkhead Reservoir typically captures the majority of its annual storage volume from the early runoff of Elkhead Creek in April and the first part of May. During typical storage periods (April and May), the total monthly volume stored (as determined from model scenarios in the Phase 2 study) was distributed on a weekly basis as shown in Table 5. If storage occurred during the months of June and July, the total monthly volume stored was assumed to be a constant rate in the first two weeks of the month. Weekly volumes were then distributed uniformly into daily values. Any storage occurring in the remaining months of the year was distributed on a daily basis evenly throughout the month.

Table 5
Weekly Distribution of Monthly Storage Volumes from the Phase 2 Study

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4
April	0%	0%	20%	80%
May .	70%	20%	5%	5%
June	70%	20%	5%	5%
July	90%	10%	0%	0%

Releases from the enlarged Elkhead Reservoir were handled in a slightly different manner. The majority of releases from the enlargement pool to meet assumed flow targets at Maybell typically occur in the later part of July and the early part of August as flow levels in the Yampa River decline. For these two months, the estimated daily 2040 flows without the project were compared to the flow targets assumed in the Phase 2 study (Table 6) to provide an indication of when daily "shortages" to the flow target occurred and when releases would be needed. A daily factor was then calculated as the difference between the estimated daily flow and the flow target, divided by the total shortage for the month. The daily factor was then multiplied by the monthly release volume determined from the Phase 2 study. In this way, total monthly release volumes from the Phase 2 study were preserved while the estimated 2040 daily flows without the project provided an indication of the daily distribution of the releases.

During other months of the year, monthly release volumes from the Phase 2 study were generally distributed evenly over each day of the month.

Table 6
Elkhead Reservoir Operational Flow Targets for the Yampa River at Maybell (cfs)

October	204
November	255
December	228
January	217
February	256
March	498
April	•
May	•
May June	•
•	400
June	400 220

^{*} Percentile which occurs naturally in any given year.

The procedures to convert monthly flow differences at Maybell with and without the reservoir enlargement to daily flow values, and to impose these differences on the year 2040 daily flows without the enlargement, were automated to facilitate later analyses of alternative reservoir operating strategies. Following the conversion, the set of daily flow differences at Maybell were added to the estimated depleted 2040 daily flows to arrive at estimated future daily flows reflective of operation of the enlarged Elkhead Reservoir.

Appendix 4. Estimates of daily virgin flow for the Yampa River at Maybell, Colorado, 1950 to 1982 based upon Hydrosphere report (1995b)

_												
Renk 1	October 10	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	April.	May	June	July	LINETS August Sa	
ż	10	73 74	71 89	70	131	173	309	1482	244	10	10	10
3	10	74	89	n n	133 137	176 178	389	1891	296	10	10	10
4	10	75	92	72	44	176	407 410	1998 2009	342 395	10 10	10	10
5 8	10	76	\$2	74	142	177	414	2018	419	13	10 10	10 10
7	10 10	75 76	8 2	45	142	177	432	2028	477	14	10	10
8	10	75	83	85 85	144	177	443	2072	561	15	10	10
9	10	75	83	52 52	144	177 177	446 462	2060 2083	643	13	10	10
10	10	76	93	-	143	177	488	2063	670 712	16 17	10 10	10
11 12	10 10	77	\$3	96	145	178	506	2102	737	. 19	10 10	10 10
13	10	80 82	95 98	102	140	183	507	2118	778	23	tū	10
14	10	85	99	102 104	150 151	194 198	500	2120	799	23	10	10
15	10	67	99	110	151	198	510 518	2128	817	24	10	10
16	10	22	100	112	152	198	619	2168 2205	867	24 25	10 19	10
17 18	10 10	· 90 94	101	113	157	199	526	2268	900	ž	10	10
19	10	94	103 103	114	151	190	\$26	2274	930	25	10	10
20	10	97	103	118 118	154 154	200	528	2294	942	26	10	10
21 22	10	101	104	119	154	202 204	-534 535	2303 2322	951	29	10	10
22	10	102	104	120	156	205	542	234	953 1005	30 38	10 10	10
24	10 10	100	104	120	155	209	543	2353	1022	38	10	10
25	10	106 107	108 109	120	155	210	248	2368	1000	41	10	10
28	10	109	100	121 122	155 167	211	251	2383	1062	42	10	10
27	10	110	108	124	159	211 212	555 558	2383 2401	1065	45	10	10
28 29	10	110	109	126	180	212	567	2407	1073 1075	23 25	1Ò 10	10
30	10 10	111	110	127	161	212	568	2617	1095	55 55	10	10 10
31	10	111 113	110	127	162	215	570	2421	1116	56	11	10
32	10	113	110 110	127 128	163 163	219	570	2032	1132	ಟ	12	10
33	10	115	111	128	163	219 220	582 590	2462 2476	1155	70	17	10
34 \$5	10	116	113	129	183	220	592	2300	1165 1166	71 72	18 21	10 10
36	10 10	116 117	113	129	163	220	596	2507	1178	77	22	10
37	10	117	113 115	129 129	185	220	607	2515	1192	72	22	10
38 39	10	118	115	129	165 165	221 222	620	2516	1207	73	23	10
39	10	118	115	130	165	224	627 642	2519 2528	1236 1239	π	26	10
40 41	10	118	115	130	188	236	643	2543	1258	79 81	26 28	10 10
42	10 10	119	115	130	165	227	644	2562	1290	82	30	10
43	10	119 721	117 117	131	155	227	645	2563	1293	84	32	10
44	10	122	117	131 132	185 185	228	£30	25370	1314	. 84	. 32	10
45	, 10	122	117	132 132	156	229 235	659 659	2573 2504	1319	84	38	10
46 47	. 10 · 10	122	117	132	183	235	863	2505	134) 1350	- 86 - 87	37 30	10 10
48	10	123 123	118	183	166	237	569	2607	1388	93	29	10
49	10	123	114 118	133 133	166	237	671	2915	1 59 C	83	41	10
50	10	124	118	134	166 157	237 237	673 673	2639	1406	85	42	10
51 52 53	14	125	118	136	187	238	675	2541 2644	1410 1422	102	44 46	10
5% 5%	10 10	125 126	118	136	168	230	676	2655	1450	103	47	10 10
54	- 10	126	118 118	138 138	168	239	685	2672	1468	108	47	10
\$4 \$5	10	126	118	138	169 171	239 239	569	2075	1483	108	48	10
56	10	127	119	129	171	240	704 705	2686 2693	1503 1508	113	49	10
57 58	10 10	127	119	139	174	240	711	2718	1520	115 118	50 52	10 10
69	10	128 128	119 120	140	178	241	721	2721	1523	119	- -	10
60	10	128	120	141 142	176 176	241	730	2721	1572	120	53	10
61	10	129	120	142	178 178	241 241	734 742	2737 2764	1501	122	. 53	10
€ 3	1D	130	120 120	143	178	242	742	2778	1501 1615	123 124	. 53	10
64	10 10	131	120 120	143 143	179	242	744	2781	1816		54 55	10 10
65	10	137 133	120	143	182	242	745	2793	1626	124 125	55	10
63 68 67	10	133	121 121	143	183 164	243	147	2500	1649	126	55 SS	10
67	10	133 134	177	143	184	245 247	762 764	2824 2834	1664 1665	127	56	10
88	10	134	122 123 123 123	143 145	184	347	768	2834	1671	128 129	57 57	10 10
69 70	10 10	135 135	123	146 146	184	248	771	2836	1674	130	23	10
71	15	135	123	146 142	184 185 185 186	248	776	2847	1656	130	57	10
72 73	12	136	123	151	185 184	248 248	779	2548	1711 1712 1746	130	57	10
73	12	136	123	151 151 152	186	242	783 784	2858 2983	1712	130 131	50	10
74 75	13 13	136	124	152	187	249	785	2875	1754	133	62 63	10
76	13	130 137	124	152 152	188	249	785	2884	1752	135	63	10
76 77	14	137	124	152	189 189	269	767	2887	1729	130	54	10
78	- 15	. 137	124 124 124 124 124	152 153	189	250 250	790 797	2925 2928	1707	139	64	10
79 80	, 16	138	125	153	191	. 256	79a	2834	1803 1813	139 141	65 63	10 10
80 81	17 18	138 136	125	154	191	251	800	2943	1828	144	66	10
		100	125	154	191	251	804	2947	1829	144	67	10

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			Esthr	rotes of Daily	Virgin Flow	for the Yam	on River at 1	Madel Cole				
				1950	to 1982 bas	ed upon Hyd	roophere P	most ()36	156)			
Rank	October	November	Decemb	Jenney	Februar	March		•			UNIT	3 CFS
1 2	10	73	76	70	131	173	April 309	May 1487	June	July	Abgust St	
3	10 10	74 74	89	71	133	176	389	1891	244 296	10 10	19 10	10 10
4	10	75	89 122	71 72	137	176	407	1964	342	10	10	10
5	10	76	92	74	141 142	176 177	410	2009	395	10	10	10
8	10	75	92	. 49	142	177	414 632	2012 2028	419	13	10	. 10
	10	76 75	93	85	144	177	443	2072	477 561	14 15	10 10	. 10
9	10	75	83 84	65 60	144	177	446	2060	643	13	10	10 10
10	10	76	93	94	144	177 177	462	2083	670	16	10	10
11 12	10	π	93	96	145	178	488 508	2098 2109	712 737	17	10	19
12	10 10	80 82	95	102	149	183	507	2118	778	19 23	10 10	10
14	30	85	98 89	102 104	150	194	509	2120	729	73	10	10 19
15	10	67	99	110	151 151	19 6 198	510	2128	817	24	10	10
16 17	10	92	100	112	152	198	518 519	2168 2205	365	24	10	10
18	10 10	93 94	101	113	152	199	526	2258	867 903	25 25	19	10
19	10	94	103 103	114 116	151	199	526	2274	930	25	10 10	10 10
20	10	97	103	116	154 154	202 200	528	2204	942	26	10	10
21 22	10	101	104	119	154	204	534 535	2303	851	29	10	10
23	18 10	102	104	120	155	205	542	2322 2344	953 1005	20 38	10	10
24	10	108 108	104 108	120	155	209	543	2353	1922	38	10 10	10
25	10	107	100	120 121	155 155	210	242	2368	10GQ	41	10	10 10
26 27	10	109	100	122	157	211 211	221 221	2383	1062	42	10	10
22 28	10 10	110	108	124	159	212	558	2383 2401	1065	45	10	10
29	10	110 111	102 110	126	180	212	567	2407	1075	23 23	10 10	10
30	10	121	110	127 127	161	212	568	2417	1095	55	10	13 13
31	10	113	110	127	162 163	215 219	579	2421	1116	56	ŧi	10
32 33	10 10	113	110	128	163	219	579 582	2432 2462	1132	65	12	10
34	10	115 116	111	128	153	220	590	2476	1155 1185	70 71	17 18	10
35	10	116	113 113	128 129	163	220	592	2200	1166	72	21	10 10
36	10	117	113	129	163 165	220 220	596	2907	1178	72	22	10
37 38	10	117	115	129	165	221	607 620	2515 2516	1192	72	22	10
39	10 10	118	115	129	165	222	627	2519	1207 1238	. 73 77	23	10
40	10	118 116	115 115	130 130	165	224	642	2528	1239	77	26 26	10 10
41	10	119	115	130	165 165	226	643	2543	1258	81	28	10
42 43	10	119	117	131	165	227 227	644 645	2562 2563	1290	82	30	10
44	10 10	121	117	131	185	228	650	2570	1293 1314	84 84	32	10
45	10	122 122	117 117	132 132	165	229	659	2573	1319	84	32 35	10 10
46	10	122	117	152	156 156	235 235	859	2594	1341	. es	37	10
47 48	10	123	118	183	166	237	863 669	2595 2607	1359	· AT	30	10
49	10 10	123 123	112	133	166	237	671	2915	1386 1396	. 23 23	39 41	10
50	10	124	118 118	133 134	166	237	673	2439	1466	36	43	10 13
SI	10	125	118	136	167 167	237 238	673	7841	1410	102	44	10
52 53	10	125	118	136	188	239	67\$ 676	2844 2855	1450	103	43	10
54	10 10	126	118	138	168	239	585	2672	1468	103	47	10
55	10	126 126	118 118	138	169	239	698	2075	1493	108	47 48	10 10
56	10	127	119	138 138	171 171	239 240	704	2686	1503	113	49	10
57 58	10	127	119	139	174	240	705 711	2693 2718	1508 1520	115	50	10
59	10 10-	- 128 128	119	140	178	241	721	2721	1523	118 119	52 ·	10
60	10	128	120 120	141 142	176	241	730	2721	1572	120	53 53	10 10
61	10	129	120	142	178 17a	241	734	2727	1501	122	53	10
63	10	130	120	143	173	241 242	742 742	2764 2778	1601	123	53	10
લ	10 10	131	120	143	179	242	744	2781	1515 1516	124	54	10
65	10	132 133	120 121	143 147	182	242	745	2793	1626	124 125	55 55	10 10
66	10	133	121	143	183 184	243	747	2500	1626 1649	126	55	10
6 7	10	134	122	145	184	245 247	762 764	2624 2834	1664	127	58	10
69	10 10	134	122	145	184	207	768	2834	1665 1871	128 129	27	10
70	10	135 135	123 123	146	184	248	771	2836	1674	130	\$7 इरे	10
71	15	138	123	146 148	184 185	248	776	2847	1666	130	57	10
72 73	12	136	123	151	185	248 248	779 783	2648 2856	1711	130	57	10
74	12 13	138	123	151	188	249	784	2063	1712 1746	130 131	50	10
75	13	136 136	124 124	152	187	249	765	2975	1754	133	62	10 10
76	13	137	124	152 152	188 189	249	785	2864	1762	135	83	10
77 76'	14	137	124	152	189	249 250	787 790	2887 2925	1789	139	54	10
79	75 16	137 138	124	153	189	250	797	2928	1787 1803	139 139	84 85	. 10,
80	17	138	125 125	153 154	191	250	798	2934	1813	141	83	10 10
81	18	136	125	154	191 191	251 251	800	2943	1828	144	6 6	10
			-		•	(۵)	804	2947	1829	144	67	10

Rank	October	November	Documb								111407	S CFS
82	18	139	125	Јапизиу 154	Februar 192	March	April	May	Juran	July	Angust S	
83	19	14D	123	154	192	252 252	808 809	2948	1845	144	87	10
84 85	20 20	140	125	154	192	252	· 811	2955 2966	1850 1879	145 145	65	10
88	22	140 140	125 126	154	192	253	812	2972	1879	148	· 70	10
87	22	140	127	154 155	192 193	255 255	812	2980	1887	147	71	10
88	23	140	127	155	194	255	214 215	2982	1891	147	72	10
90	23	141	127	156	194	257	817	2990 2992	1891 1906	149 149	73	10
91	25	141 141	127	156	184	257	818	3006	1907	154	74 75	10 10
92	27	142	127 127	157 157	194	258	818	3010	1915	155	76	10
93	28	142	128	157	195 198	258 258	819 830	3024	1916	156	77	10
94 95	28 30	144	128	158	196	258	833	3025 3025	1935 1936	158 164	77	10
96	31	144 144	128	161	195	258	836	3028	1948	164	78 78	19 10
97	34	145	129 129	161 161	196 197	259	837	3022	1989	168	79	10
95	34	145	129	162	198	253 260	838 841	3031	1971	166	60	10
99 100	32 32	145	129	162	198	260	344	3042 2053	1975 1976	167	60	10
101	36	146 146	129 129	163	199	260	848	3059	1979	168 189	80 81	10 10
102	36	148	130	163 163	199 198	260	848	3073	1967	170	82	10
103	37	146	130	163	199	290 251	852 858	3078	2051	170	83	10
104 105	37	147	130	163	199	251	860	3002 3107	2070 2089	170. 171	83	10
105	36	147 147	150	153	199	251	862	3115	2091	172	84 85	10 10
107	33	148	130 131	163 163	298	251	884	3118	2125	172	&5 &5	10
108	29	148	131	161	199 198	262 263	854	3137	2142	172	26	10
109	39	148	132	164	200	263	805 808	3139 3175	2152	174	17	10
110 111	- 35 39	148	132	164	200	254	271	3183	2160 2178	174 178	85 88	10
112	40	143 143	132 132	164	200	255	875	3187	2154	175	90	10 10
113	42	149	132	964 164	200 201	265	882	201	2208	176	90	10
114	42	150	133	164	201	255 268	883 887	3204 3205	2214	178	90	10
115 118	42	150	133	165	201	286	187	3220	2239 2257	180 181	90 91	10
117	(3	150 150	124 134	165	202	267	888	3226	2318	181	91	10 10
118	43	150	134	165 165	2012 2013	267 266	824	3231	2323	162	91	12
119	43	151	134	185	204	268	895 697	\$233 \$237	2350	183	91	13
120 121	43	151	134	155	204	270	899	3243	2356 2357	183 185	92 92	13
122	Ξ.	152 152	134 135	168	204	270	901	3258	2371	166	92	13 14
123	46	152	135	169 169	205 205	270	904	3256	2434	167	83	15
124	46	152	125	159	205	271 272	908 912	3261 3265	2438	188	93	15
125 128	46 43	152	135	170	206	272	917	3277	2439 2472	191 191	\$3 \$3	15
127	48	152 152	138 138	170	20%	272	925	3288	2483	1922	83	15 ts
128	48	153	136	170 170	206 207	272 273	926	3291	2494	186	93	18
129	48	153	137	170	207	273	ट्रब ट्रा	3369 3364	2498	198	94	17
130 131	49 49	154	137	171	207	274	\$2 3	3366	2501 2503	202 206	87 81	18
132	49	154 154	137 137	172	208	274	529	3375	2503	211	94	1ð 18
133	50	154	138	172 173	208 209	274	937	3388	2511	218	94	19
134	50	154	138	173	209	275 275	933 942	3429	2518	217	84	19
135 138	51 51	155	139	173	210	277	943	3435 3436	2533 2541	219 220	94	19
137	51-	155 155	139 139	173	210	277	846	3449	2585	222	, \$4 95	19 20
138	52	158	139	173 173	210 211	277	958	3454	2575	222	95	21
139	22	156	139	173	211	277 277	960 975	3461 3462	25-12	224	96	22
140 141	52 53	158	139	174	211	279	987	3473	2668 2672	224 225	98	22
142	<u> </u>	158 157	130 145	174	211	279	947	3488	2707	225	· 99	23 24
143	23	157	140	174 174	211 212	279	220	3520	2716	230	99	25
144	54	157	140	174	212	279 279	991 992	3545 3548	2738	232	90	25 25 26 26
145 146	31 SS	157	140	174	212	279	983	2543	2768 2797	235 236	100 100	25 ~
147	≈ 58	158 158	141 141	174	212	280	998	2555	2817	239	101	28 28
148	58	159	141	174 174	213 213	280	396	3581	2817	241	191	25
149	57	190	142	175	213	281 281	999 1004	3585	2818	241	102	25 27
150 151	58	180	142	175	214	281	1006	3501 3613	2823 2831	243 247	102 102	28
152	58 59	181 182	143	175	214	281	1008	2851	2842	249	102 102	28 29
133	59	167	143 143	175 176	214	281	1005	3063	2842	250	102	29
154	56 -	182	143	176	214 214	282 282	1012	3965	2854	251	102	29 29
155 156	60	182	143	176	215	262	1016 1016	3671 3688	2884 2907	252 252	102	30
157	60 60	152 153	144	178	215	283	1017	3391	2914	253	102 102	30 31
158	51	163	144 145	178 178	218	283	1019	3696	2921	256	103	31
159	· 62	. 163	145	179	216 216	284 284	102 0 1026	3702	2954	257	103	31
150 181	. 62	163	145	178	216	284	1026	3702 3712	2958 2987	258 258	104	322
741	62	164	145	180	215	285	1028 1027	3740	2961	250 250	194 196	32 33
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											UN	ITS CFS
Rank	October	November	Decemb	January	Fobruse	Liarch	April	May	June	7APA		Saplember
182 183	E	164	146	180	216	288	1027	3747	2985	259 263	106 108	34 34
164	63 84	165 166	146 148	180 180	218 216	286 287	1038 1037	3780 3788	2002 3027	263	108	34
185	84	166	146	181	217	268	1046	3415	3029	270	108	34
168	84	156	148	181	217	264	1048	3821	3051	270	108	34
187	65	156	148	181	217	290	1053	3828	3056	270	110	34
16A	65	168	148	181	217	290	1058	3835	30.50	271	110	35
159	55	188	148	181	218	290	1057	3846	3071	271	111	36
170	85	167	148	187	218	290	1062	3874	3074	273	111	38
171 172	85	157	145	182	218	291	1063	3874 3885	3088	274	111	37 3 7
173	55 56	167 167	147 147	182 182	218 218	291 292	1065 1067	3885	3111 3130	276 276	111 115	37
174	96	187	148	182	218	292	1057	3888	3131	277	112	37
175	68	187	148	182	218	232	1069	3889	3132	281	112	37
176	67	167	148	182	218	293	1070	3893	3155	261	113	37
177	68	168	148	185	219	295	1071	3893	3159	233	113	87
178	59	168	148	184	219	295	1075	3912	3162	283	113	58
179	70	188	148	184	219	296	DBOF	3921	3164	285	114	38
180 181	70	159 159	148 148	184 184	220 220	297	1082	3939	3185 3179	286 287	114	38 39
182	71	159	149	184	221	297 297	1084 1088	3962 3974	3181	291	115	40
183	73	169	150	184	221	257	1093	3975	3193	292	115	40
184	75	170	150	164	221	298	1098	3984	2198	293	116	41
185	76	170	151	185	221	229	1102	4013	3198	295	116	41
188	78	170	151	145	221	200	1108	4015	3199	295	118	42
187	77	170	151	185	222	200	1100	4022	3231	297	til8	42
188 189	77	170	152 152	185 185	222 222	299 300	1111	4023 4024	3237 3243	297 299	118 118	42
190	. 7E 79	170 171	153	185	223	500	1117 1124	4033	3245	500	115	43
195	80	171	153	188	223	300	1129	4051	3264	302	119	43
192	80	171	153	186	223	301	1129	4053	3273	302	119	ũ
193	81	171	154	186	223	301	1133	4055	3290	305	120	46
184	81	171	154	188	223	302	1135	4080	3293	306	120	44
195	82	172	154	186	223	303	1737	40G8	3297	307	120	45
196	82	172	154	186	224	303	1140	4090	3330	310	120	45
198	82 83	172 172	155 155	186 186	224 225	503 304	1143 1130	4095 4708	3330 3336	310 313	121 121	45 40
199	83	172	155	186	225	304	1158	4119	3351	315	121	48
200	83	173	156	187	225	504	1160	4120	3374	317	122	
201	85	179	158	187	225	505	1162	4132	5389	318	122	
202	25	174	156	187	225	305	1163	4150	2321	. 321	123	. 46
203	盐	174	157	188	225	305	1164	4151	3383	323	123	
204	85	174	157	188	726	\$05	1870	4153	3404	324	124	
205 206	88	174	157	188	226	305	1173	4161	3406	224 334	124	
207	87 88	174 175	157 157	138 188	226 226	305 306	1174 1175	4163 4163	\$410 3473	334	124 125	
228	88	175	157	188	227	306	1181	4175	3432	338	125	
209	88	175	157	188	227	307	1181	4178	3436	339	125	
210	88	175	158	188	227	307	1183	4188	3441	348	125	49
211		175	158	188	227	307	1187	4190	3444	349	126	
212	89	175	158	180	228	307	1169	4192	3448	349	128	
213	90	178	159	180	228	307	1191	4199	3450	354	127	
214 215	91	175 179	150 150	189 189	228 228	308 308	1192 1194	4207 421 <i>2</i>	3453 3462	255 356	127 128	
216	21		159	190	728	309	1194	4215	3484	358	128	
217	91	179	158	190	228	309	1203	4221	3492	360	128	
218	91	179	159	191	228	509	1205	4228	3525	385	123	52
219	82	179	160	191	228	309	1218	4241	3550	368	129	
220	92		160	191	222	309	1218	4241	3559	370	130	55
221	92		160	191	228	309	1226	4248	3563	371	131	53
222 223	92		161	192	229	311	1230	4250	3585	371	133	2 54
224	84 93		161 161	193 193	229 229	311 311	1231	4251 4254	3573 3588	373 374	134 134	
225	25		161	193	229	312	1238 1238	4268	3800	374	134	. 55
226	95		161	193	229	313	1238	4296	3646	377	135	5 55
227 229	95	180	162	194	729	313	1241	4312	3647	378	135	5 56
229	95	181	163	194	230	313	1242	4315	3651	380	133	5 5 7
229 230	95	181	163	194	230	313	1243	4325 4325	3665	281	13	5 57
230	96		163	194	231	513	1249	4325	3577	385	13	58
231 232	312 312		164	194	231	314	1252	4329	3895	388	190 131	5 57 5 58 5 58 6 58 8 59 0 59 1 60
737	97		184 164	195 195	231	815 316	1257	4333 4355	3712 3716	367 291	144	, 54 0 54
233 234	97	182	185	195	232 232	315	1260 1263	4375	3722	397	14	1 60
235	98		165	196	232	317	1269	4380	3724	398	143	2 61
236	24	123	165	195	232	318	1276	4383	2725	398	140	2 63
237	. 98	183	166	195	232	318	1278	4385	3731	402	140	2 63
238 239	. 99		186	193	232 232 233 233	318	1280 1281	4385	3741	408	14	3 64
239 240	. 85		196	195	733	318	1281	4394 4394	3753	409	14	
240	25	183	168	195	233	315	1290	4.334	3757	411	14	- 65

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											UNIT	3 CFS
Rank	October	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	. April	May	Juno	July	August Se	
241	101	183	156	195	233	318	1294	4404	3759	415	145 146	&S 65
242 243	101	183 184	188 168	195 196	233 233	319 320	1315 1317	4135 4436	3766 3767	416 418	146	· 66
244	101	184	166	196	234	320	1319	4448	3780	418	148	67
245	102	184	167	196	234	320	1325	4484	3817	420	146	67
246	102	154	167	198	234	323	1327	4464	3819	421	147	68
247 248	103 103	185 185	167 167	196 196	234	323 524	1328 1338	4471 4478	3829 3832	425 425	147 147	68 68
219	103	185	167	196	234	325	1340	4498	3842	429	148	68
250	103	186	168	196	234	326	1340	4498	3845	429	148	60
251	104	186	152	196	235	327	1341	4501	3861	430	149	70
252 253	104 104	157 158	168	197	235	327	1346	4504	3858	492 433	150 151	70 71
254	104	188	168 168	· 197 197	235 235	328 328	1369 1373	4508 4531	3871 3881	434	151	71
255	105	189	168	197	235	328	1372	453.8	3910	434	152	72
256	105	189	169	197	235	329	1379	4562	3915	438	152	72
257 258	105	189	169	157	235	329	1389	4575	3919	443	152	72
250	106	189 188	170 170	198 196	236 237	330 330	1391 1399	4589 4591	3927 3951	445	153 154	ाउ राउ
260	108	189	171	198	237	331	1405	4500	3979	446	154	73
261	106	190	171	198	237	331	1410	4503	2981	450	154	73
252	107	190	. 171	198	237	332	1417	4617	3986	452	155	74
253 264	107	190	171	198 199	237	. 332	1417	4835	3989 3991	452 453	155 155	75 75
265	107	190	172 172	122	237 237	332	1429 1434	4645 4878	3095	455	157	. 75
266	107	191	172	199	238	332	1434	4681	3996	456	158	75
267	107	191	172	199	739	333	1438	4600	4020	457	158	75
258 259	108 108	191	172	200	238	333	1441	4705	4020	458	158	77
270	108	192 192	172 172	200 200	238 238	333 333	1443 1449	4707 4709	4030 4035	459 480	159 160	77 77
271	108	192	172	200	238	334	1450	4715	4057	480	181	77
272	109	193	172	200	238	334	1451	4718	4068	462	151	77
273	109	193	173	200	239	334	1452	4752	4079	452	152	77
274 275	109 108	194 194	173	200 201	239 239	338 338	1458 1466	4752 4756	4080 4095	463 485	153 183	78 79
276	109	194	174	201	239	336	1467	4785	4106	456	164	79
217	110	. 194	175	201	299	337	1468	4768	4123	486	154	79
278	110	194	173	201	240	337	1474	4796	4129	462	156	79
279 230	110 110	194 194	175	202 202	240	338 338	1483	4797	4151 4152	471	157 158	80
281	111	194	175 175	202	240 240	338	1484 1485	4799 4803	4181	475	158	. 30
282	: 111	184	175	202	240	339	1487	4803	4182	478	189	ão
283	111	194	175	202	240	340	1490	4807	A186	480	160	81
254 255	112	195	175	202	210	341	1498	4808	4105	433	170	- 2 2
266	112	195 195	178 176	202	24G 240	341 342	1498 1499	4813 4823	4,81 47,77	483 487	170 171	82 82
247	112	196	173	203	240	342	1301	4858	1220	487	171	82
288	112	196	176	203	240	342	1502	4842	22	491	172	83
299	112	196	176	203	246	344	1504	4853	4242	402	172	83
290 291	112 113	196	176	203	240	344	1506	4853	4244	494 496	172 175	83 83
292	113	196 196	176 178	204 204	240 240	344 345	1508 1508	4853 4866	4252 4261	497	175	83
293	113	196	176	204	240	345	1510	4892	4279	497	176	. 83
294	113	197	176	204	241	345	1512	4895	4304	 498 	177	84
235	114	197	176	204	241	348	1518	4210	4306	499	177	84
296 297	154 115	197 197	177 177	204 204	241 241	347 347	1520 1523	4922 4937	4320 4322	499 500	- 177 177	84 85
296	115	187	178	204	241	347	1523	4938	4332	500	177	ăs
299	115	197	178	204	241	347	1523	4940	4338	500	177	85
330	115	197	178	204	241	347	1528	4948	4352	504	177	85
301 302	115	197	178	205	241	348	1553	4955	4353	504 507	177 178	85 85
303	116 117	198 198	179 179	205 205	241 241	349 349	1535 1541	4865 4978	4356 4362	503	179	86
304	117	196	179	205	242	349	1545	4979	4364	510	179	86 86 87
305	117	196	179	205	242	350	1548	4080	4366	511	179	26
306	118	199	180	205	242	350	1551	4991	4375	514	179	87
307 308	· 118		180 180	205 205	242 242	351 351	1967 1958	5000 5010	4376 4378	515 519	181 182	87 87
509	118		181	205	242	352	1560	5016	4393	519	182	87
310	119	199	181	205	243	352	1562	5030	4397	523	182	87 57
311	119	196	181	205	243	352	1565	5031	4409	523	182	- 88
312	119		181	205	243	352	1573	5032	4417	524 577	183	88 89
313 314	119 118		151 181	205 205	243 243	353	1579 1579	5031 5040	4414 4418	527 529	184 185	29
315	119		181	205	243	355	1585	5043	4426	530	186	89
318	120	200	142	206	243	355	1586	5056	4427	530	187	89 89 90
317	120	200	182	206	243	355	1590	5062	4434	531	188	90
318 319	120		182	208	244	. 356	1602 1603	5062 5064	4438 4438	531 531	188 188	90 90
319 320	. 120		182 183	206 206	244 244	356	1605	5082	4448	532	188	×
321	121			206	244	356	1609	5062	4456	535	188	90

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Renk	October	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	April	May		1.4.		enpurper 2 CE2
322	121	202	183	208	244	358	1810	5082	June 4458	222 1nh	August S 190	91
323	121	202	183	208	245	357	1611	50A5	4459	536	190	91
324 325	121	202	183	206	.245	357	1614	5088	4482	537	191	91
326	122 122	2002	184	206	245	358	1818	5090	4486	538	. 191	92
327	123	202 203	164 184	208	245	358	1619	5096	4493	540	191	92
328	124	200	184	206 206	245 246	359 359	1621	5102	4501	541	192	92
329	124	204	184	207	246	360	1626 1641	5105	4519	541	192	92
930	124	204	184	207	246	360	1341	5106 5108	4521 4535	541	192	83
331	125	204	184	208	246	360	1644	5131	4552	\$44 \$4 4	193 194	93 93
332	128	204	185	208	248	362	1549	5135	4577	548	194	83
233	128	20 G	185	208	246	362	1851	5153	4586	548	195	<u> </u>
334 335	125	205	185	208	246	362	1652	5159	4587	549	196	94
336	126 127	205 205	185	208	246	382	1653	5172	4598	551	197	94
537	127	205	185 185	208 208	248	363	1654	5178	4606	558	197	94
338	127	206	185	208	248 247	364 384	1862	5183	4918	559	197	84
239	127	205	185	208	247	365	1668 1668	5185	4829	559	197	94
343	127	205	185	208	247	365	1871	5187 5189	4633	560	197	94
341	127	206	185	208	247	365	1678	5190	4643 4649	\$63 \$63	197 198	95 95
342	128	206	185	208	248	365	1890	5191	4665	\$ 8 5	199	š
343	128	206	186	209	248	366	1591	5195	4679	568	199	25
344 345	129	206	186	209	248	366	1592	5195	4696	568	200	95
346	129 130	207	166	200	248	386	1593	5196	4702	571	201	95
347	130	207 207	186 186	209 209	249	387	1593	5221	4716	571	201	27
348	130	208	186	209	249 249	367 368	1697	5723	4721	571	203	97
348	131	206	186	209	249	368	1702 1703	5231	4728	572	203	97
350	131	208	186	209	240	368	1709	2542 2542	4730 4745	573 574	203 203	97 97
551	131	206	186	206	249	369	1717	5255	4748	67S	203	97
352	132	208	187	210	250	309	1717	5256	4752	576	204	97
324 323	132	506	187	210	250	369	1717	5258	4756	583	204	98
355	132 133	209 209	187	210	250	270	1721	5264	4759	587	204	98
356	133	209	187	210	250	370	1729	5265	4759	582	205	98
357	134	209	187 187	210 210	250	370	1730	5283	4767	595	207	99
358	154	210	187	210	250 250	372 372	1731 1734	5290	4771	S87	210	99
323	134	210	188	210	250	373	1741	5295 5315	4779	598 599	210	100
360	134	210	188	211	250	373	1742	5320	4782 4787	502	210 211	100 101
361	134	210	158	211	250	373	1749	5321	4787	606	211	101
382 363	135	210	188	211	250	374	1750	5330	4789	606	211	101
364	138 138	210	183	211	251	375	1750	5334	4790	607	212	101
365	137	211	188	211	25!	377	1752	5338	4801	508	212	102
365	137	211 211	188 188	212	251	379	1753	5347	4804	608	215	103
367	137	211	188	212 212	251 251	279 275	1755	5355	4809	609	218	103
368	137	211	189	212	231	379	1759 1762	5363 5363	4826 4835	612	216	103
339	137	211	149	212	251	378	1763	5369	4838	613 615	216 216	104 104
370	138	212	189	213	251	380	1764	5391	4842	816	217	105
371	138	212	189	213	251	380	1769	5405	4862	615	218	105
372 373	138 138	212	189	213	252	380	1776	3409	4894	621	218	105
374	140	212 212	189 180	213	252	381	1779	5413	4901	622	219	105
375	140	212	189	213 213	252 252	382 382	1779	5418	4903	623	219	105
378	140	212	189	214	252	383	1781 1786	5418	4003	625	220	108
377	140)	213	188	214	252	383	1787	5427 5430	4904 4905	627 628	221 221	106 106
378	140	213	190	214	252	384	1792	5433	4926	628	222	107
379	141	213	190	214	. 252	384	1798	5438	4935	630	222	107
380 381	141 141	213	190	215	222	384	1804	5443	4835	635		107
382	141	213 214	190	215	253	384	1805	5447	4935	638	222 222	107
883	141	214	190 190	215	253	384	1810	5477	4938	638	223	107
384	141	214	190	215 215	253	384 386	1812	5488	4943	840	223 223	107
385	141	214	191	215	253 253	386	1812 1813	5490	4950	841	223	107
385	142	214	791	215	252	386	1816	5494 5511	4952 4957	544 547	223 224	107 107
387	142	214	191	215	254	386	1818	5521	4968	552	724	107
388 389	142	215	191	215	254 254	386	1819	5527	4970	853	224	107
390	142 142	215	191	218	254	356	1819 1822	5532	4075	853	225	107
331	143	21\$ 21\$	191 191	218	254	387	1827	5534	4960	853	225	108
392	143	215	125	215 215	254 255	388 388	1830	55-12	4989	655	226	108
393	143	218	191	215	255	358	1830 1831	\$549 5554	4994	557	230	108
394	143	218	791	218	235	389	1835	5566 5569	5006 5010	538 660	230	108
395	144	218	191	218	235	220	1840	5569	5011	660 663	231 232	108 109
396	145	216	121	216	256	390	1841	3570	5029	864	232	109
398 398	145	217	192	216	256	391	1848	5573	5036	\$64	23	109
399	146	217 218	192	218	256	391	1849	5584	5040	666	233	103
400	. 146	218	192 192	216 218	256 258	351	1853	5597	5043	558	234	109
401	146	218	192	216	258 258	. 392 392	1856	5605	5048	669	235	110
			•—	214	200	332	1858	5606	505\$	670	236	118

											UNITS	
Rank	Octobor	November	Decemb	Jenuary	Februar	March	April 1	May	Juno	July		ptombor
402	146	218	192	217	256	363	1861	5618	507B	671	236	111
403	145	218	192	217	256	393	1868	5622	5080	672	236	111
404	147	219	192	217	250	194	1876	5626	5000	672	239	111
405 408	147	219	192	217	257	39E	1888	5622	5083	673	230	111
407	148	219 220	193	. 217	257	306	1893	5839	5085	675	239	111
408	148	220	193 193	217 217	257	397	1894	5817	5003	682	239	111
408	148	220	193	217	257 257	396 390	1904	5652	5104	685	239	112
410	150	. 220	193	217	257	399	1905	5663	5109	686	240	11Z
411	150	220	193	217	257	399	1508 1907	5838	5114	es 0	240	112
412	150	221	193	217	257	399	1908	5691 5692	5115	690	241	112
413	150	221	193	217	257	399	1909	5897	51 <i>2</i> 2 5128	691	241	112
414	151	222	193	218	258	400	1912	5712	5127	508 701	253 244	113
415	151	222	193	218	258	400	1914	5718	5129	704	245	113 113
418	. 151	222	193	218	258	400	1918	5737	5136	704	245	113
417	152	222	193	214	258	401	1925	5740	5138	707	246	114
418	152	222	193	218	254	401	1937	5746	5142	715	247	114
419 420	153 153	223	194	219	259	402	1941	5747	5154	719	247	114
421	153	223	194 194	219	259	402	1952	5750	5156	719	247	114
422	153	223	194	219 220	250	402	1952	5754	5187	719	240	115
423	153	224	194	220	250	403	1963	5766	5203	719	249	115
424	154	224	194	220	259 259	405	1968	5769	5228	720	250	118
425	154	224	194	220	259	403	1978 1980	5770	5229	720	251	116
426	154	725	194	220	250	403	1980	5772	5231	721	254	. 117
427	154	225	194	220	259	404	1988	5778 5777	5236	728	255	117
428	154	225	194	220	260	404	1986	57 66	5244 5254	725	255 255	117
420	154	225	194	220	260	405	1983	5813	5285	731 732	200 285	117 118
430	155	225	195	220	260	406	1991	5814	5278	734	256	118
431	155	225	195	221	260	407	1902	5830	5279	738	258	118
432	155	22 5	195	221	260	407	1996	5831	5289	739	257	119
433	156	225	195	221	261	407	2002	5832	5308	742	257	119
434 435	157	225	195	221	261	408	2003	5843	5324	745	258	119
438	157	226	195	222	261	408	2005	5845	5328	745	258	119
437	156 159	225	196	222	261	409	2009	5847	5339	747	258	120
438	159	226 226	796 196	222	261	41D	2013	5854	5341	747	258	120
439	153	227	198	222 222	261	410	2014	5866	5348	750	259	120
440	159	227	198	222	261	411	2015	5872	2243	756	259	122
441	159	227	196	222	261 262	411	2015	5883	5382	756	261	122
442	150	227	196	222	262	411 411	2016 2017	5886 58 9 7	5355	768	261	122
443	160	228	197	222	202	412	2019	5898	5394 5412	758 758	252	122
444	161	228	197	222	262	412	2028	5898	5415	756 756	263 263	122
445	181	228	197	223	262	413	2022	5800	5416	765	264	123
448	162	228	197	223	262	413	2043	5908	5(19	786	264	123
447	162	228	197	223	263	413	2)45	5917	5420	פוד	254	123
448	162	229	19 7	223	263	413	2047	5919	5123	770	284	123
449	163	230	197	223 223	263	414	2051	5922	5423	774	285	124
450 451	163	230	198	223	263	416	2057	5927	5423	774	265	124
452	163	230	198	223	264	416	2058	2231	5426	774	266	124
453	164	231 231	198	223	264	416	2058	5932	5426	776	266	125
454	185	231	195 199	225 224	264	417	2062	5936	5436	778	257	125
455	165	231	190	224	264 264	419	2085	5937	5439	778	267	125
456	165	231	199	225	- 264	419	2072	5947	5439	781	25?	125
457	165	231	200	225	265	421	2074 2074	5948 5950	5441	782	267	126
458	156	232	- 200	225	285	422	2073	5954	5446 5432	782	268	127
459	186	232	200	225 225	263	422	2081	5067	5450	782 783	268 260	127 127
460	, 196	232	200	225	255	422	2069	5973	5463			
461	156	232 282	- 200	225	265	423	2091	5988	5470	784 785	289	127
482	186	282	200	225	296	423	2109	5991	5478	788	270	128
463	157	232 233	201	225 225 225 225	265	424	2113	8008	5478 5490	796	270	128
484	167	233	201 201	225	268	427	2120	503 0	" 54 DB	802	274	128
465 466	188	223	201	228	36E	421	2125	8042	5509 5523	B05	274	128
467	168 168	233 233	201 201	225	266	42B	2127	8043 6043 8045	5523	BOE	275	128
468		233	2.7	226	266	428	2129	6043	5531	609	276	128 129
469	- 168 189	233	201 201 201 202	226	287	428	2131	8045	5531 5535 5540 5550	810	276	129
470	169	293	201	226 226	257	429 429	2154 2155	6023	5540	815	278	129 130
471	169	233 233 233	202	228	257	423	Z135	6072	5550	B15	280	130
472	169	234	202	228	267	429	2137 2137	6072 6073	5551 5556	615	280	130 130
473	169	234	202	228	267 267 287	429 430	2144	8080	5564	816	281	130
474	170	235	202	226	267	430	2148	6081	5572	819 \$10	282	130
475	170	235	202	226	267	431	2151	6083	5588	810 820	282 282	130
476	170	235	202	226	257	431	2162	6091	5604	821	243	130 131
477	. 170	235	202	226	268	431	2169	6035	KAM	822	283	131
47B	170	236 236 236	202	228	268	431	2173	6117	5523	822	283	132
479 480	170	236	203	227	268	· 432	2181	6122	5637	822 826	284	132
481	170 171	236	203	227	268	433	2181	6122	5623 5637 5655	826	284	132
	.,,	4.00	203	227	209	433	2181	5128	5850	828	284	132

Rank	October	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	April	May	June	Luly	UNITS August Sa	ptember
482	171	236	203	227	289	433	2187	B130	5871	833	285	133
403 404	171 171	236 227	203	227	209	434	2188	6134	5678	834	285	133
485	171	227	204 204	227 227	200 200	49.4 435	2189 2195	3678	5602	434	208	134
486	171	237	204	227	270	433	2196	6145 6148	5695 5696	834 835	296 257	135 135
487	172	237	204	227	270	435	2187	5147	5719	837	267	135
488	172	237	204	227	270	435	2198	6156	5730	838	288	135
489 490	173	237	204	227	270	435	2212	6156	5733	843	259	136
491	173 173	237 237	204 204	227	270	438	2215	8160	5741	843	291	157
492	174	234	205	223 228	270 270	436 436	2226 2228	8164	5748	848	291	137
423	174	238	205	728	270	437	2223	6157 8170	5754 5758	854 856	292 292	137 138
494	175	238	205	· 228	270	437	2232	6171	5788	858	283	139
495 496	175	Z30	205	724	270	437	2235	6188	5274	858	293	139
497	176 176	240 240	205 206	228	221	437	2235	6189	5784	859	293	140
498	177	240	206	228 228	271 271	438 439	2243 2248	6183 6183	5787	838 928	294	140
499	177	240	206	223	271	440	2253	6198	5794 5805	870	296 296	140 141
500	177	241	206	729	271	440	2257	8211	5806	872	297	141
501 502	178	241	206	229	271	441	2286	E214	5812	880	207	141
502 503	178 178	241 241	206 207	229	272	41	2267	6221	S816	852	299	141
504	178	241	207	229 229	272 272	441 442	2282 2287	6221	5838	882	299	142
603	172	241	207	223	272	442	2304	6224 6225	5843 5844	883	300 300	142 142
506	179	241	208	229	272	442	2310	6228	5845	885	301	142
507 508	180	242	209	229	272	442	2317	6228	6859	886	301	142
509	180 180	242 242	209 206	229	272	443	2322	5231	5806	891	301	143
51C	180	242	209	229 229	273 273	443 443	2322 2323	6233 6234	5874	892	301	143
511	181	242	209	230	273 273	43	2330	6239	5891 5899	893 893	302 302	143 143
51Z	181	242	209	730	273	443	2340	6250	5909	894	303	146
513 514	182	242	200	230	273	444	2347	6258	5820	697	303	146
515	182	243 249	210 210	230	273	445	2355	6583	5928	999	304	147
516	182	244	210	230 230	273 273	445 445	2370 2370	6270 6275	5934	899	304	147
517	183	244	210	230	273	445	2371	6230	5945 5950	900 900	304 305	147 147
518	183	244	210	230	273	446	2374	67.81	5955	902	305	149
519 520	183 183	244	210	230	273	47	2378	6255	5968	903	306	148
521	183	244 244	210 211	230	274	47	2378	6297	5971	903	307	149
522	183	245	211	230 230	274 274	448 448	2381 2385	5333 5338	597E	904	307	149
523	184	245	211	231	274	451	2288	### ####	6006 6018	908 910 .	307 307	148 150
524	184	245	211	231	274	451	2380	S234	8019	910	308	150
525 526	184	245	211	231	274	452	2394	E347	6321	911	308	150
527	184 186	245 245	211 211	231 231	274	452	2308	6343	6023	816	309	151
526	187	245	212	231	274 274	452 453	2356 2405	6372 5379	8025 6029	916 916	310 310	151
529	187	245	212	231	274	453	2408	8379	6034	917	310	152 153
530	187	248	212	231	275	453	2408	8380	6043	922	310	153
531 532	188 158	248 245	212	232	275	453	2416	ವಚಿತ	8053	923	371	155
533	189	246	212 212	232 233	275 278	453	2420	ವಾತ	6062	P38	311	153
534	190	248	212	233	275	453	2422 2423	63.96 6409	8093 8095	938 941	311 312	153 154
535	190	265	212	233	276	454	2425	6423	6111	942	312	155
6 36 537	191	248	213	233	276	454	2426	6426	6121	842	313	158
538	191 191	217 217	213 213	234 234	276	454	2428	5431	6122	942	313	156
539	191	247	213	234 234	. 278 · 278	454 454	2432 2433	612 <u>2</u> 6415	6124	945	313	156
540	191	207	213	234	278	Ĩŝ	2433	5454	5131 6138	348 348	313 313	158 158
541	191	247	213	234	276	455	2444	6471	6141	968	315	158
542 543	121	247	213	294	276	457	2458	8474	6154	950	315	158
544	191 192	248 248	214 214	235	277	453	2460	6474	6168	950	315	157
545	192	248	214	235 235	277 227	459 460	2466 2466	6475 6477	5171	951	318	158
546	192	248	215	235	27	460	2469	8486	517 6 5181	953 954	316 317	158 158
547	123	248	215	235 236	277	460	2478	8499	5184	957	317	158
548 549	193	248	215	236	277	461	2479	8522	5192	969	318	158
550	193 194	249 248	215 215	236	277	461	2482	8538	8193	963	318	159
551	194	240	215	236 236 238	277 277	461 461	2488 2494	6560 6562	523 0	965	218	159
552	195	249	215	236	277	462	2497	6566	8241 8243	966 967	319 318	160 160
553	185	250	216	236	278	453	2498	6571	8244	968	320	161
554 555	195 196	250 250	216	236	278	463	2517	6573	5248	. 909	520	161
556	196	250 251	216 218	236	273	463	2520	6575	6277	989	321	161
557	196	251	218	236 238	278 278	461 464	2521 2527	6588 659 1	6278 8280	970 979	322 323	161 162
558	196	251	213	236	274	455	2528	6612	5282	980	324	162
550	196	251	218	236	278	485	2532	6616	6298	984	325	162
560	. 196	251	219	238	279	. 456	2533	6818	6298	985	326	163

Rank	0	& Paracamah an			_			-			UNIT	S CF&
561	October 196	November 251	Decemb 219	January 237	Februar 279	Morch 48B	April 2538	May 6624	June 5305	بلبار 985	August Sc 326	o piombor 183
562	197	251	219	227	279	468	2539	8627	8330	947	326	163
563 584	197 197	252 252	219	237	220	468	2542	6827	6349	991	327	164
585	197	252	219 220	237 237	280 280	469 469	2547 2547	6632 6635	6350 6350	99Z 993	327 327	154
5 C 8	197	252	220	237	280	469	2562	6638	8320	963	329	184 185
587 588	198 198	253	220	237	280	469	2554	PE238	5374	963	329	165
562	196	253 253	220 221	237 237	280 281	471 471	2564 2573	5549	6394	1002	330	166
570	199	253	Z21	237	281	471	2576	5651 5655	6399 6404	1007 1007	330 331	157 168
571	199	253	222	238	281	472	2579	8564	6422	1009	332	188
572 573	200 200	253 253	222 222	238	281	472	2580	6G66	64CX	1011	392	152
574	200	234	222	238 238	281 281	472 473	2581 2582	5667 5689	6456 6457	1018 1019	333 334	188 165
575	200	254	221	236	281	473	2601	6892	6458	1022	334	166
578 577	200 200	254 254	223	238	281	474	2601 -	6692	8481	1023	334	189
578	200	255	223 224	235 238	281 281	474 474	2802	6703	6476	1025	335	189
579	201	255	224	238	281	474	2602 2613	6714 6720	6482	1028 1023	338 337	170 170
580	201	255	224	238	282	475	2620	6721	6484	1028	337	170
581 582	201 201	255 256	225 225	238 239	282	475	2625	6728	6496	1031	337	170
583	202	256		239	283 283	476 476	2631 2633	8726 6746	6502 6502	1031 1032	338 339	171
584	202	257	225 225	239	284	478	2633	8747	6510	1033	339	175
585 586	202 202	257 257	225 226	239 239	284	478	2668	5757	6532	1036	339	171
587	202	257	225	239	284 284	477 477	2670 2671	6759 6789	6332 6545	1039 1040	529 341	171 172
588	208	257	228	230	285	477	2674	6790	8333	1640	341	172
280 280	203 203	257 258	227	250	285	478	2877	6802	6566	1043	342	173
591	203	. 258	221 221	239 236	286 286	479 480	2880 2680	8805	6 5# 9	1044 1044	342	173
592	204	255	228	240	286	480	2683	6838 6830	657 5	1045	342 342	173 173
593	204	258	228	240	258	481	2894	5830	6583	1049	343	174
594 595	204 204	258 259	228 228	240 240	256	481	2696	6832	6599	1060	343	174
596	204	259	229	240	287 287	481 482	2896 2707	6837. 8838	6804 8639	1083 1083	341 311	175 175
597	204	2:98	723	240	267	484 -	2717	6848	6544	1067	345	175
588 599	205 205	259 259	229 229	240	287	484	2728	6853	6647	1067	345	175
500	205	250	230	240 240	287 288	484 484	2730 2750	6858	66-68	1070	345	176
601	205	259	230	240	298	484	2756	6878 6877	6650 8830	1075 1082	348 348	178 175
603 603	206	260	230	240	288	484	2757	6893	6668	1088	346	177
804	206 205	260 260	23a 230	241 241	268 288	484	2770	6697	6674	1094	347	177
605	206	260	231	241	289	485 483	2770 2770	6902 6910	6677 6878	1096 1096	348 349	177 177
606	205	261	231	242	289	488	2775	6914	6835	1097	351	179
607 608	206 206	261 261	231 231	242	299	486	2778	6918	8712	1098	351	179
609	207	362	231	242 242	289 289	486 488	2778 2785	6945	6740 6751	1107 1109	351 351	179 179
810	207	263	232	242	290	488	2787	6968	6761	1112	351	179
511 612	207 207	263 263	232	242	290	489	2788	6968	6773	1114	352	180
813	207	264	232 232	243 243	290 290	491 491	2800	6972	6776	1115	323	180
614	207	284	233	243	290	431	2811 2814	6976 6984	6777 6779	1120 1122	क्य 354	180 180
815	208	284	234	243	291	4572	2818	7008	8794	1123	354	181
61 <u>0</u> 517	208 [*] 208	254 265	736 237	243	291	482	2815	7016	ह्य प्रश	1124	354	181
518	209	265	237	244 244	291 291	492 492	2820 2821	7017 7017	6797 6213	1129 1134	355 356	181 181
610	209	265	238	244	2\$1	493	2824	7034	8822	1157	356	182
620 621	210	266	238	244	292	493	2829	7047	6847	1138	338	182
522	210 210	206 266	238 239	244 245	292 292	· 494 405	2833 2836	7077 7088	6853 6867	1145 1153	35 5 357	182
623	210	268	238	245	292	495	2840	7094	6878	1155	357	183 183
624 625	210	266	230	245	292	495	2843	709S	6882	1181	357	183
525 526	210 211	288 267	23 <u>8</u> 240	245 245	293 293	496	2858	7109	8911	1181	356	183
627	211	267	240	245	223	497 496	2861 2861	7115 7128	6914 6915	1184 1188	356 356	183 184
628	212	267	240	245	294	498	2862	7130	£230	1159	359	184
829 630	212	287	241	246	294	499	2883	7134	8946	1179	360	185
531 531	213 213	258 268	241 241	246 246	294 294	503 503	2571 2573	7139	5956 8958	1172	380 381	185
632	214	268	242	246	294	505	2876	7143 7144	8958 8958	1173 1182	381 384	185 186
633	214	268	242	248	296	505	2882	7147	6275	1214	368	185
634 535	215 215	288 269	243	246	295	508	2899	7547	6997	1215	360	188
536	215	268	243 243	245 246	295 296	507 507	2904 2913	7152 7158	7000 7009	1218 1220	371 372	188 188
637	. 216	269	243	247	296	507	2922	7180	7036	1220	373	189
539 539	215	270	243	247	296	. 508	2924	7167	7036	1222	375	189
840	216 218	270 270	244 244	247 247	296 296	506 509	2953 2957	7180 7183	7058 7052	1226 1226	375	129 190
_				47/		~~	-0-4	1 10-3	FULL	1220	375	130

											UNITS	CFS
Rank	October	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	April	May	June	July	August Ser	piember
841	217	270	244	247	297	\$00 540	2950	7185	7072	1229	376	190
642 643	217 217	271 271	245 246	247	297 297	510 512	2981 2882	7217 7229	7074 7079	1234 1236	377 377	190 . 191
844	218	271	247	247 247	298	512	2986	7235	7033	1242	377	191
845	218	272	247	247	290	512	2908	7297	7090	1343	377	191
648	218	272	247	247	299	\$12	2972	7270	7095	1244	377	192
547	219	272	248	247	299	513	2975	7271	7096	1247	378	192
648 849	219 219	272	248	248	299 290	514 614	2975 2993	7272	7103	1251 1252	378 379	193 193
650	219	27 <u>2</u> 272	248 249	245 243	299	514	3001	7274 7293	7111 7133	1257	380	193
នា	220	273	248	248	299	514	3002	7269	7134	1257	381	193
652	220	273	250	248	298	514	3015	7302	7138	1258	381	194
653	220	278	250	248	299	514	2017	7328	7145	1260	381	184
654 655	220 220	274	251	248	300 300	\$15 517	3018 3020	7337	7163	1262 1262	383 386	194
656	221	274 274	251 252	249 249	300	519	3037	7341 7345	7184 7177	1263	386	194 195
637	222	274	257	249	300	521	3049	7345	7179	1254	385	195
658	222	274	252	249	300	ವಾ	3050	7361	7182	1265	387	197
650	222	275	232	248	300	21	3055	7388	7182	1276	390	197
660 661	222 223	275 275	221 223	249 249	201 301	522 522	3070 3070	74 <u>22</u> 7423	7192	1277 1278	390 392	197 198
662	223	275	254	249	301	522	3092	7428	7219 7231	1219	392	195
683	224	273	254	249	301	528	2008	7435	7236	1321	382	199
664	224	275	255	249	201	524	3098	7461	7237	1328	392	199
665	225	275	257	249	301	525	3102	7461	7238	1528	368	199
668 667	226 226	278 278	257 258	250 250	201 301	525 526	3111 3128	7461 7466	7249 7230	1330 1331	363 343	200 200
668	227	276	258	250	902	527	3135	7474	7256	1331	323	201
689	228	277	250	250	302	528	3140	7475	7257	1322	39G	201
670	223	277	259	251	302	528	3144	7482	7263	1333	326	201
571	223	278	253	231	302	525	3145	7486	7265	1344	397	201
63.2 63.5	230 230	278 278	260 260	251 252	3D3. 2D3	531 531	3150 3150	7492	7271	1345 1359	358 400	201 202
674	221	279	261	255	303	502	3159	7502 7505	7275 7282	1368	401	202
875	231	279	261	255	305	222	3163	7513	7283	1375	401	202
676	232	279	261	256	205	534	3165	7519	7299	1378	403	202
. 677	232	251	261	256	305	535	\$167	1285	7311	1378	405	202
878 879	232 233	282	261 262	255 258	305 307	536 537	3172 3177	7565 7567	7323 7325	1387 1394	406 408	202 203
880	233	282	262	258	307	537	3179	7569	7330	1395	407	203
681	234	285	253	258	308	538	3180	7569	7350	1398	407	203
682	234	285	264	299	\$38	539	3181	ग डा १	गञ्ज	1399	408	203
583 584	234	285	284	259	209	540	2138	7584	7364	1403	409	204
£85	234 235	285 285	264 265	259 250	310 310	. 540 541	3197 3201	7589 7594	7378 1379	1405	409 410	204 204
636	236	286	265	250	311	542	3201	7503	7380	1408	410	205
687	236	285	263	250	311	542	3204	7695	7381	1412	410	205
588	236	286	266	260	311	543	3221	7506	7329	1418	411	205
883 288	236 237	283	266	260	311 312	544 343	3226 3237	7609 761 9	7409	1425 1433	411 411	205 205
59 1	237	267 288	266 266	290 280	313	548	3246	7619	7413 7418	1433	412	205
692	238	288	267	261	313	547	3248	7623	7425	1434	413	208
563	239		287	251	213	547	3256	7627	7434	1443	415	206
894	240		267	252	314	547	3269	7622	7448	1452	415	206
695 896	241 241	289 280	258 269	252 262	314 315	543 548	3276 3287	7535 7544	7450 7469	1458 1465	418 416	206 206
697	247		258	262	317	548	3287	7647	7474	1470	417	207
688	242	290	269	252	317	549	3299	7652	7496	1471	417	207
598	245		269	262	318	549	3300	7653	7501	1471	417	208 208
700 701	248 248		270	252	318	553 554	3302 3304	7683 7688	7 506 7516	1474 1402	415 419	208
702	248		270 271	257 253	315 318	33 -	3313	7706	7535	1493	419	298
709	248	291	272	283	318	558	3315	7714	7578	1501	420	209
704	248	291	272	263	319	557	3376	7730	1577	1510	420	210
70S	248			264	319	557	3218	7733	7577	1512	421	210
706 707	250 250	294 294	274	254 264	319 519	500 560	3319 3323	7726 7738	7579 7586	1515 1522	423 423	210 211
708	250	295	276	254	320	362	3337	1760	7505	1531	423	211
709	251	295	276	265		562	3341	7751	7595	1533	424	211
710	252	295	278	265	320	562	3347	7784	7809	1535	424	212
711	253	296		265	321	563	3354	7770	7615	1538	424	212
712 713	253 254			266 266		353 564	3359 3370	7774 7778	7622 7627	1545 1563	424 425	213 213
714	254			266		505	3378	7782	7832	1584	425	213
715	254	298	281	287	322	566	3384	. 7784	7706 7708	1574	427	213
718	250	5 298	282	267	322	567	3389	7790	7708	1585	428	213
717 718	250 250	\$ 298 5 298		287	322 322	587 . 567	9991 3392	7791 7802	7738 7780	1585 1598	431 431	214 214
719	25	5 299		287 257		568	3399	7811	7750	1599	432	215
720	25	7 299		268		569	3407	7853	7751	1602	433	215

											UNIT	12 CEE
Runk 721	October 250	November 300	Decemb 284	pumay	Februar	March	April	May	JUNG	Jedy		September
722	259	300	284	268 269	\$22 323	570 570	\$428 3451	7858	7765	1606 1519	433 435	215 . 216
722	259	200	284	269	323	577	3458	7961 7880	7770 77 89	1622	436	217
724	262	201	265	270	324	571	3462	7892	7806	1628	436	217
725	262	301	285	270	324	572	3464	7905	7811	1634	437	217
726	263	301	285	271	325	573	8470	7906	7817	1634	437	218
727 728	263 264	301 302	265 265	271	325	573	3496	7915	7819	1646	438	218
723	264	302	265	272	325	573	3503	7034	7825	1865	439	219
730	264	303	288	272 272	329	डाड हरर	3504 3505	7938 7949	7843 7846	1674 1679	440	219 219
731	265	303	286	273	329	578	3510	795Z	7853	1882	441	219
732	265	303	287	273	529	578	3540	7953	7860	1602	441	219
733	266	303	257	273	330	582	3542	7963	7866	1694	442	220
734	266 267	304	257	274	330	584	3551	7963	7874	1694	443	220
735 736	268	305 305	287	275	330	586	3554	7986	7898	1098	443	220
737	268	308	264 268	275 276	331	587	3554	7968	7907	1707	445	220
736	269	207	268	277	331 331	587 588	3563 3393	8001 8005	7914	1717	448 445	221 222
739	209	307	289	277	332	590	2598	8012	7920 7925	1716 1753	447	222
740	260	307	290	211	332	591	3603	8024	7936	1757	448	222
741	270	307	290	217	333	591	3614	8026	7940	1780	440	222
742 743	271 271	30a 308	290	277	335	591	3817	8043	7956	1762	450	222
744	272	308	291 292	277	335	501	3817	2308	7959	1783	450	223
745	274	300	292	277 278	335 338	591 503	3624 3833	8044	7963	1766	451	223 223
746	275	310	292	278	338	596	3662	8045 8054	7972 7986	1766 1780	451 451	223
747	217	310	292	278	337	591	3555	8058	7990	1784	451	224
748	277	312	292	278	337	EOU	3690	8077	8015	1784	452	224
749	278	312	293	279	335	E02	3691	8002	8024	1794	452	225
750	271 280	313	283	280	334	602	2662	\$000	8025	1708	454	225 225
751 752	281	812 314	294 294	280	329	802	3693	8101	8030	1799	455	225
753	282	314	294	291 281	339	803 804	3709 3709	E154	8045	1807 1608	457 481	225
754	285	315	295	281	340	804	3123	8165 8209	8046 8082	1822	452	225 225 227
755	285	315	225	291	340	808	3738	8213	8093	1823	462	227
756	283	316	295	251	340	509	3753	8214	B123	1835	463	223
757	285	318	295	281	340	609	3759	8219 '	8136	1847	453	227
758 758	285 286	317	296	262	342	810	3765	8244	8149	1867	464	227
760	288	317 318	296 297	202	343	811	3772	\$348	8175	1871	456	228
761	280	318 318	297	283 284	343 343	612 614	3783 5797	A256	8181	1875	468	228 229
762	290	219	297	284	343	814	3802	8221 8295	8191 8194	1879 1901	466 471	229
763	292	319	297	285	345	815	3813	8312	8195	1906	472	229
764	293	321	207	285	345	615	3812	2214	2195	1909	472	230
763	295	321 322	297	285	346	616	3825	8332	8199	1916	473	230
766 767	296 296	322	297	285	346	617	3525	6340	&199	1933	474	231
788	297	323 323 823	297 298	285 285	346	619	3828	8358	82705	1951	476	232 232
769	257	823	298	286	346 348	619 622	3838 3841	8359 8390	8206	1959 1981	478 477	233
770	298	324	299	786	347	824	3861	8391	8214 8217	1962	480	233
771	300	824	299	286	348	625	3676	8395	8274	1986	482	233
772	300	324	299	287	348	625	3687	8454	8228	1989	482	234
773	301	325	300	257	348	626	3903	8458	8238	1991	483	235
774 775	301 303	325	300	288	348	626	3008	2467	8257	2021	483	235
775	304	327 327	300	288	349	827	3910	8473	8265	2025	483	235
777	204	327	300	258 258	349 349	626 631	3919 3930	8495	8270	2026 2030	485 486	235
778	305	327	300	288	250	632	3935	8510 8519	827S 8277	2032	488	235 237
772	305	32A	301	288	350	633	3048	8233	8287	2037	490	238
780	305	328	301	289	350	637	3961	8538	8297	2046	491	238 238
781	305	328	302	289	350	641	3970	8541	4303	2051	493	239
782 783	307 307	329 329	302	289	350	842	3983	8574	8315	2057	495	232
784	207	331	302 302	289	350	643	3985	8579	1323	2070	497	299
785	207	333	303	. 290 291	352 353	645 845	3990 4003	8580 8605	8346	2079	497 496	240
786	308	333	303 303	291	363	645	4007	8814	8353 8360	2050 2067	498	240 240
7E7	208	333	304	291	353	646	4021	8823	8365	2000	490	231
725	310	334	305	291	353	645	4023	8623	8387	2090 2096	500	261
784	210	335	306	291	954	648	4032	8624	8388	2106	501	742
790 791	310 310	336 336	305	292	356	651	4032	8635	8388	2109	501	242
792	312	336	306 306	292 292	356	651	4039 4042	8550	8437	2115	502	242 242
793	312	337	306	292	356 366	653 654	4042	8693	8438 8450	2129	502 502	242 242
794	312	338	307	292	356	633	4070	8894	8459 8468	2138 2158	503	243
795	312	338	307	292	357	629	4073	8696	8510	2161	503	244
796	. 313	339	308	292	357	633	4127	8898	8510	2175	505	244
797 708	314	341	508	292	358	550	4134	8711	85 t2	2182	50 5	244
798 799	314 315	342 342	309	292	358	883	4135	6735	8543	2188	505	244
800	218 312	343	310 311	293 293	358	854	4137	8741	8547	2199	506 508	244
			311	233	360	556	4144	8768	8558	2211	508	245

												S CFS
Runk 801	October	Novembor	Docomb	January	Februar 361	Merch 685	Ар-1 4150	May	June 8582	July 2212	August Si 508	zelomber ZAS
802	319 319	344 343	311 311	293 293	382	6G9	415G	8770 8772	850G	2234	508	245
803	520	345	311	293	362	669	4167	8775	8613	2237	508	243
804	952	345	312	293	353	872	4177	8807	8626	2244	508	246
805 806	323 323	345	313	204	363	873	4180	8821	8838	2261	509 510	247 249
807	323	945 345	314 318	294 294	363 365	676 678	4197 4224	8827 8854	8658 8678	2267 2273	510	249
808	324	348	318	294	385	684	4227	8868	8580	2286	512	249
809	327	351	316	296	366	684	4249	8877	8683	2288	512	249
810	329	353	317	296	337	685	4249	8870	8664	2302	513	251
811	229	353	318	296	367	688	4260	9138	8687	2306	514	252
812 813	220 230	354 335	318 318	296 297	367 367	688 688	4284 4236	8891 8906	8290 828	2307 2312	514 515	252 252
814	330	338	218	298	368	689	4354	£914	8699	2318	516	253
815	331	357	319	298	369	689	43.58	8918	8702	2321	548	253
818	331	359	319	298	369	692	4369	8920	8703	2322	519	253
817 818	334 335	360 360	320 320	298 298	369 369	693	4381 4396	8921 8926	8713 8729	2323 2338	520 520	253 253
819	335	360	220	299	371	90S	4425	8957	8738	2339	521	254
820	337	361	321	300	373	696	4441	8970	8762	2341	522	255
821	338	381	321	500	374	697	4448	9037	8768	2348	522	255
822 823	339 340	361 342	322 322	300 301	374 374	697 698	4459 4459	9050	8776	2348	522 523	256 258
824	362	364	322	301	376	628	4481	907D 9072	2776 2778	2371 2377	523	250 250
825	345	365	322	501	377	639	4516	9076	8783	2381	523	259
826	346	365	323	301	פונכ	703	4537	9100	8804	2365	525	259
827 828	347	366	323	501	383	709	4549	9125	8815	2406	323	261
829	348 349	367 368	321 325	301 301	384 383	710 710	4558 4580	9143 9145	8830 8830	2434 2441	526 526	281 262
830	349	369	323 323	302	384	711	4607	8153	8854	2442	526	257
831	349	370	323	302	368	713	4610	9183	8844	2453	529	262
832	350	370	324	302	389	716	4642	9188	8846	2455	531	262
833 834	351	370	324	302	390	718	4658	9200	8850	2457	532	263
835	352 353	371 372	32M 32M	302 302	390 391	717 720	4661 4678	9240 9242	8855 8878	2468 2482	534 534	263 264
836	383	372	325	502	591	721	4698	9244	8891	2492	534	254
837	353	372	325	302	394	723	4729	9255	8905	2494	535	264
338	356	373	325	303	394	724	4733	9288	8908	2505	538	254
839 840	356 357	375 374	326 327	303 303	397 398	726 728	4771 4773	9297 9257	89 13 8927	2535 2536	540 540	265 255
841	358	374	327 327	304	303	729	4778	9330	8931	2537	540	255 285
842	358	377	728	305	390	729	4779	2330	8240	2540	542	268
843	358	378	325	305	400	730	4799	92359	8953	2541	543	266
844	359	313	328	305	401	731	4802	9362	8955	2552	543	267
845 846	361 362	375 379	328 328	305 306	408 410	736 737	4815 4818	2362 2382	8968 8 5 69	2557 2601	.*44 545	267 268
B47	367	379	329	505	412	743	4834	9389	8973	2904	545	268
848	, 3ea	380	329	306	419	756	4826	2395	8991	2808	548	269
849	373	380	329	308	421	750	4913	9406	9020	2618	549	210
850 851	375 377	384 389	330 530	307 307	424 424	766 772	4929 4946	9426 9427	9022	2021	553. 554	270 270
852 852	377	350	330	308	174	773	4960	9463	9043 9051	2627 2028	555	272
853	378	250	331	309	425	773	4007	9475	2070	2622	555	273
854	279	550	331	509	426	777	5000	9487	9072	2631	555	273
855 866	379	390	332	309	2 3	781	5005	9515	9104	2631	557 558	273
857	390 390	392 392	335 235	310 310	429 -430	764 785	5022 5036	9621 9628	9122 9135	263 6 263 6	559	273 273
858	382	333	222	310	434	785	5021	9554	2155	2654	561	273
859	354	337	233	210	444	755	5099	9579	9169	2666	563	274
660	385	387	333	310	445	787	5113	9585	9211	2870	563	276
962 962	386 386	398 398	333 333	311 311	447 447	790 794	5119	9623	9224 9225	2670 2677	565 566	276 277
963	386		333	311	448	797	5123 5132	9668	9238	2685	567	था
864	288	398	333	312	448	801	5158	9685	9252	2892	587	277
965	. 388		334	312	451	804	5162	9695	9261	2723	363	277
866 967	388		334	312	451	806 807	5270	9700	8583	2738	573	278
968	39 <i>9</i> 391		334 334	312 312	452 453	807 812	5277 5277	9712 9716	9268 9347	2763 2771	574 577	279 282
889	392			313	435 456	815	3211 3281	9718	9371	2772	578	286
870	396	403	335	313	459	819	5292	9729	9580	2773	578	286
£71	405			313	462	822	5293	9734	2402	2793	579	268
872	407			313	462	824	5315 5374	9753	9407	2796	580	268 288
973 874	409 416			313 313	463 464	824 824	5324 5331	9772 9198	9414 9440	2807 2817	581 581	28 6
875	422			314	464	830	5368	9808	9462	2845	581	202
276	422	413	336	514	486	830	5374	9812	9485	2850	584	232
877 979	422			314	457	836 417	5388	9813	9497 94 9 8	2854 2855	584 586	294 295
878 879	. 425 431			314 315	475 475	. 637 840	5421 5422	9828 9828	9506	2856	587	295
880	334			315		843	5468	9851	9512	2870	581	295

											UNITE	
Rack 641	October 435	November 414	Decemb 330	January 316	Februar 486	Merch 844	April 5478	May 9859	June 9541	July 2888	Augest Se 501	plomber 296
882	435	414	330	316	498	844	5499	9883	9543	2890	501	298
883	436	414	340	317	50 5	152	5511	9905	9557	2892	591	298
884 685	438 438	415 415	349 341	317 - 317	513 515	852 853	5515 5534	9920 9225	9558 0CE0	2006 2007	£23 £25	. 297 298
886	439	417	341	518	216	853 858	2555 2555	9936	9559 9574	2915	502	298
887	440	418	341	318	518	258	5583	9739	9575	2920	593	298
888 889	441	418	342	319	535	861	5506	9944	9586	2945	594 504	298
500	442	418 419	342 343	220 221	518 539	569 573	5629 5648	9947 9952	9604 9631	2951 2964	505	298 300
891	442	418	343	321	544	875	5650	9956	9639	7965	597	300
892	442	420	343	321	551	276	5068	10004	9641	2985	597	300
893 894	413 411	420	343 344	321 322	\$65 589	880 884	5575 5577	10013 10056	9658 9678	2966 2970	603 601	302 303
895	445	421	345	322	575	885	6708	10058	9899	2984	607	303
898	447	434	345	322	585	286	5708	10059	9704	3001	608	303
897 896	449 449	424 425	346 347	322 323	596 591	\$87 \$ 96	5734 5750	10079 10080	9721 9725	3010 3026	610 610	307 308
800	450	迄	348	323	594	899	5757	10098	9755	3032	611	308
900	453	458	348	323	506	902	5771	10144	9779	3047	612	309
901 902	453 454	428 428	348 349	323 323	597 602	905 913	5789 5805	10145	9793	3075 5088	618 619	310 . 311
903	455	427	349	324	804	913 914	5636	10155 10184	9828 9631	3086	619	311
904	458	427	349	324	604	917	5837	10198	9653	3093	620	311
906 906	457 458	428 429	250 250	324 324	808 818	921	5845	10220	9882	3113	621	312
907	458	423	350	324	620	932 933	5858 5874	10279 10356	9955 9965	3141 3145	82% 625	313 313
306	439	430	350	324	647	935	5897	10371	9966	\$150	525	314
909 910	480	430	350	324	E	836	EDCL	10402	9975	3179	627	314
911	462 463	430 433	351 352	325 328	672 704	942 843	5017 5035	10441 10444	9998 10007	3181 3227	628 629	314 315
912	464	434	852	327	101	945	5963	10464	30014	2275	631	318
913 914	484	434	\$25	327	736	946	5967	10487	20097	3283	634	216
915	468 470	436 436	353 353	327 329	747 751	647 949	5002 8016	10502 10505	10189 10204	3291 3300	- ವಾ 645	331 348
916	470	436	354	328	777	957	6045	10514	10229	2323	645	326
217	473	434	354	328	798	960	6074	10533	10235	3331	647	528
918 919	474 474	439 439	354 354	323 329	BC3 839	984 985	8115 8141	10538 10553	10269 10311	2345 2348	548 648	326 327
920	475	u	251	329	888	987	8157	10562	10331	3353	648	330
921	477	447	335	323	900	\$76	6174	10571	10332	5367	650	340
927 323	478 478	448 450	335 386	329 329	962	259	8188	10575	10344	5364	65Z	340
634	479	450	398	33U	961 1006	995 995	6394 6394	10579 10587	10348 10371	3402 3419	850 850	341 345
827	453	451	357	332	1006	295	6305	10805	10400	3431	563	346
82A	453 486	452 454	339	322	1005	997	8365	10519	10173	3431	56G	349
, 828	486	458	360 328	333 333	1205 1286	298 1014	6373 6363	10621 10651	10474	3456 3457	569 569	350 350
629	457	459	390	333	1506	1032	6415	10572	10513	3460	5/2	353
930 931	488 488	451	362	333	2075	1033	8434	10712	10580	3472	672	353
932	400	461 465	362 362	333 333	2635 3225	1035 1040,	6442 6451	10773 10779	10589 10057	3493 3517	875 578	354 356
233	400	463	364	334		1040	6494	10797	10668	3521	879	258
934 935	491 493	460	364	336		1049	6653	10814	10672	3523	582	354
936	498		351 355	336 336		1055 1059	8854 6885	10835 10858	10737 10775	3545 3557	523 683	359 361
937	498	470	366	337		1062	6719	10877	10809	3603	888	365
938 222	. 490 490		357	337		1067	6801	10687	10819	3834	687	370
940	500	***	357 388	337 337		1070 1072	6821 6851	10896 10938	10833 10888	3647 3653	883 863	371 375
941	500	463	368	338		1093	6853	10945	10914	3748	890	577
842	501			328		1100	6883	10046	10950	2773	892	391
943 944	502 607			238 338		1124 1129	\$293 6897	11008	11008	3774 3778	602 696	382 385
945	508			338		1143	6301	11012 11045	11064 11128	3784	697	387
945	514		370	341		1148	6906	11085	11171	3797	700	391
947 948	516 5 19			341 341		1167 1178	6022 6047	11077	11290	#111 3125	700 703	\$91 342
949	521			342		1192	5953	11086 11122	11307 11321	3636	707	393
950	523	506	371	342		1213	6962	11151	11334	3857	708	395
951 952	534 532			342 343		1214 1217	7063	11179	11358	2877) 3886	708 709	401 407
953	533			343 343		1225	7115 7142	11213 11233	11381 11462	8325 3990	710	422
954	538	520	373	343		1225	7178	11252	11565	3972	717	426
955 956	538			343		1229	T254	11348	11573	3977	720	429
957	. 541 543			344 344		1235 1238	7262 7362	11358 11435	11627 11675	4017 4017	724 727	438 447
25 B	· 543	542	874	345		1245	7358	11437	11732	4040	730	449
959	544			345		1250	7540	11447	11778	4108		452
960	548	562	375	345		1265	7540	11463	11783	4117	734	453

												rs CFS
Rank	October	November	Decemb	January	Februar	March	April	May	June	July		eptember
C81	548	552	375	345		1275	7824	11473	11793	4131	735	488
962	222	556	377	345		1230	7645	11503	11847	4150	758	477 504
963 963	553	556	377	346		1282	7710	11518	11849	4189 4190	738 728	506
965	. 554 558	537	978 379	346 347		1296 1309	7891 8079	11580 11592	11902 11913	4224	740	510
968	557	556 566	279	349		1318	8317	11625	11938	1260	741	SS4
567	988 988	589	381	348		1317	8389	11770	11993	4282	741	558
968	574	572	281	249		1251	8428	11813	12064	4318	742	568
989	566	574	381	349		1359	6633	11834	12342	4322	746	\$89
\$70	597	583	382	349		1357	8731	11987	12358	4339	749	574
971	606	584	353	357		1374	8958	11994	12361	4242	751	591
972	600	585	395	353		1375	2302	12006	12383	4360	754	603
973	809	586	385	333		1398	9589	12018	12412	4375	765	606
974	613	590	596	353		1427	9632	12024	12778	4426	762	614
975 97 6	631 637	600 618	387 387	358 359		1440 1442	9978 9978	12045 12082	12944 12961	4193 4827	768 771	622. 664
977	652	626	389	360		1442	3876	12151	13022	4854	773	875
978	829	626	390	360		1448	10477	12168	13290	4868	739	688
979	860	629	390	360		1450	10504	12177	13392	4672	788	706
940	864	821	200	361		1458	10547	12182	13506	4674	796	763
281	895	654	320	361		1501	10918	12251	13873	4722	797	796
982	708	656	321	363		1503	10022	12259	12919	4749	801	823
843	715	682	383	363		1513	11032	12209	13934	4767	804	827
964	718	667	394	565		1533	11175	12330	14194	4739	806	847
945	742	870	395	. 365		1535	11649	12349	14274	4802	506	296
986	758	702	395	367		1580	11660	12380	14890	5046	B07	818
287	761	. 721	396	389		1606	11685	12354	14996	5063	810	924 955
882 989	770 776	721	397 398	371 371		1079	11789	12418	15685	5094 5104	812 821	9972
990	804	731 732	394	378		1894 1694	11972 14680	12441 12465	15897 18293	5207	832	1854
291	806	134	400	378		1740	MODU	12472	10233	5215	849	1007
992	830		401	379		1768		12475		5254	852	
993	836		405	382		1901		12494		5291	873	
204	83.7		40\$	385		1825		12526		5354	878	
995	847		407	388		1531		12531		5509	582	
996	366		409	389		1837		12549		5559	588	
997 998	878		409	\$89		1844		12008		5629	599	
900	879 881		411 412	33 2		1847		12520		5663 5709	900 921	
1000	888		413	335		1852 1855		12579 12757		5713	920	
1001	590		416	397		1586		12805		5794	938	
1002	906		417	402		1913		12820	1	5794	840	
1003	200		418	402		2033		12826		5848	943	
1064	B14		425	402		2035		12905		5801	944	
1005	923		426	405		2007		12987		6145	256	
1006	925		426	407		215 9		13014		6216	9C4	
1007	830		426	409		2254		13057		6270	971	
1003	932 930		428	411		2264		13097		6473	935 1020	
1019	957		428 478	417 418		2270 2372		1332£ 1333£		5514 8508	1070	
1011	360 221		429	422		2456		13396		5719	1093	
1012	986		451	422		2468		13513		5898	1135	
1013	969		622	400		2541		13624		8932	1159	
1014	970		40	434		2613		13719		8963	1171	
1015	962	•	448	441		2749		13940		7670	1171	
1016	1031		453	450		2827		13960		7795	1181	
1017	1039		457	450	•	2948		13990		8194	1209	
1018	1051		471	456		3007		14127		8881	1232	
1019	1007		486	456		2533		14151		10046	1328	
1020	1128		508	460		4065		14355		10352	1371	
1021 1022	1140 1317		523 590	461 471		4118 4665		14612 15481		10857 11861	1550 1742	
1023	1906		590 591	421		4735		15069		12565	1931	
	جالت.		741	421		44 73		I DUNCH		2,00	1331	

Appendix 5. List of flow exceedance values based on monthly averages computed from estimated daily virgin flows (Hydrosphere 1995) for the Yampa River which include all 10 cfs values. These values are provided for comparison only, and <u>do not represent</u> flow recommendation by the Fish and Wildlife Service.

MONTH	80%¹ Exceedance DRY	50% Exceedance AVERAGE	20% Exceedance WET
ост	91	184	294
NOV	184	234	305
DEC	162	209	312
JAN	197	221	306
FEB	226	267	381
MAR	440	496	694
APR			
MAY	Existing flows (Table 3)	minus the deple	etion baseline
JUN	(100.00)		
JULY	,		
AUG	152	349	483
SEP	78	141	219

[.] ¹Exceedances in cfs